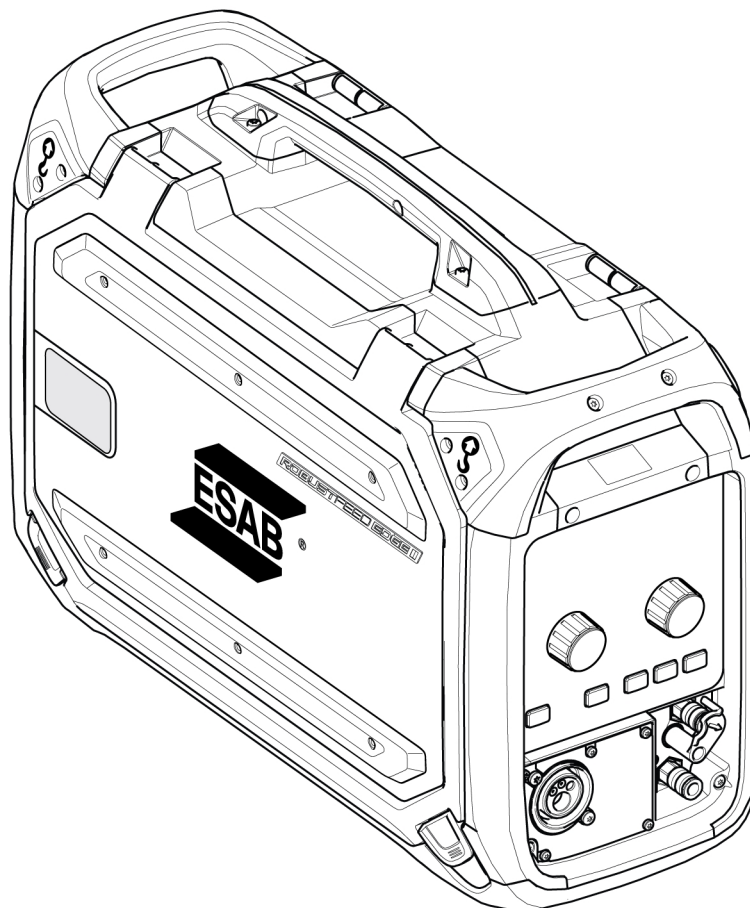




ROBUSTFEED EDGE



Instruction manual

1	SAFETY	5
1.1	Meaning of symbols	5
1.2	Safety precautions	5
1.3	User responsibility	8
1.4	California proposition 65 warning	10
2	INTRODUCTION	12
2.1	Equipment	12
3	TECHNICAL DATA	13
4	INSTALLATION	14
4.1	Installation	14
4.2	Lifting instructions	14
5	OPERATION	16
5.1	Recommended maximum current values for connection cables set	17
5.2	Recommended gas regulators	17
5.3	Connections and control devices	18
5.4	Cooling liquid connection	19
5.5	Heater/Feeder ON-OFF switch	19
5.6	Lighting inside the wire feed unit	19
5.7	Bobbin brake	19
5.8	Changing and loading wire	20
5.9	Changing feed rollers	20
5.10	Changing the wire guides	21
5.10.1	Inlet wire guide	21
5.10.2	Middle wire guide	22
5.10.3	Outlet wire guide	22
5.11	Roller pressure	23
5.12	Wear parts storage compartment	25
5.13	Attaching the wheel kit	25
5.13.1	Attaching the wheels to the wheel kit frame	25
5.13.2	Wire feed unit in vertical position	26
5.13.3	Wire feed unit in horizontal position	26
5.14	Attaching both the wheel kit and the torch strain relief accessory	27
5.15	Marathon Pac™ installation	29
6	CONTROL PANEL	31
6.1	External control panel	31
6.1.1	LED indicators description	32
6.1.2	Push encoder knobs	33
6.1.3	Buttons	34
6.2	Internal control panel	36
6.2.1	Buttons	36
6.2.2	Menu selection	37
6.3	Weld settings	37
6.4	JOBs	37
6.4.1	Setting up a new JOB in the internal control panel	37
6.4.2	Copy a JOB	42
6.4.3	Setting up a new job in the external control panel	44
6.5	Tools	45

	6.5.1	Error logs	45
	6.5.2	USB import and export	45
	6.5.3	Export Jobs	47
	6.5.4	Import Jobs	48
	6.5.5	Operator management	50
6.6		System settings	56
	6.6.1	TRUEARC compensate	56
	6.6.2	Front panel functionality	56
	6.6.3	Trigger JOB shift	56
	6.6.4	Torch remote configuration	56
	6.6.5	Hot start mode in 4-stroke	57
	6.6.6	Languages	57
	6.6.7	Unit of measurement	58
	6.6.8	Date and time	58
	6.6.9	About	58
6.7		Rotating the control panel	58
7		WELDING	60
	7.1	GMAW welding	60
	7.1.1	Setting range for Manual and Synergic	60
	7.1.2	Setting range for PULSE	61
	7.1.3	Setting range for SPEED	62
	7.1.4	Setting range for ROOT – pipe and THIN	62
	7.1.5	Function explanations for settings	63
	7.2	SMAW welding	65
	7.2.1	Function explanations for settings	65
	7.3	Gouging	65
	7.3.1	Function explanations for settings	66
	7.4	GTAW welding	67
8		MAINTENANCE	68
	8.1	Inspection, cleaning and replacement	68
9		EVENT CODES	69
	9.1	Application fault	69
	9.2	Supply voltage fault	69
	9.3	Temperature fault	69
	9.4	Battery warning	70
	9.5	Internal voltage error	70
	9.6	Wire feed speed fault	70
	9.7	Communication fault	71
	9.8	Short circuit detected	71
	9.9	High open circuit voltage fault	71
	9.10	Lost contact with another unit	71
	9.11	Internal memory fault	72
	9.12	Memory fault	72
	9.13	User management fault	72
	9.14	Import/export fault	72
	9.15	Incompatible units	72
	9.16	Timing fault	73
	9.17	No coolant flow	73

TABLE OF CONTENTS

9.18 Gas pressure fault 73

9.19 Gas flow fault 73

9.20 USB fault 74

9.21 Software runtime fault 74

10 TROUBLESHOOTING 75

11 ORDERING SPARE PARTS 76

12 CALIBRATION AND VALIDATION 77

 12.1 Measurement methods and tolerances 77

 12.2 Requirements, specifications and standards 77

ORDERING NUMBERS 78

WIRING DIAGRAM 79

WEAR PARTS 80

ACCESSORIES 82

1 SAFETY

1.1 Meaning of symbols

As used throughout this manual: Means Attention! Be Alert!



DANGER!

Means immediate hazards which, if not avoided, will result in immediate, serious personal injury or loss of life.



WARNING!

Means potential hazards which could result in personal injury or loss of life.



CAUTION!

Means hazards which could result in minor personal injury.



WARNING!

Before use, read and understand the instruction manual and follow all labels, employer's safety practices and Safety Data Sheets (SDSs).



1.2 Safety precautions



WARNING!

These Safety Precautions are for your protection. They summarize precautionary information from the references listed in the Additional Safety Information section. Before performing any installation or operating procedures, be sure to read and follow the safety precautions listed below as well as all other manuals, material safety data sheets, labels, etc. Failure to observe Safety Precautions can result in injury or death.



PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS

Some welding, cutting and gouging processes are noisy and require ear protection. The arc, like the sun, emits ultraviolet (UV) and other radiation and can injure the skin and eyes. Hot metal can cause burns. Training in the proper use of the processes and equipment is essential to prevent accidents. Therefore:

1. Wear a welding helmet fitted with a proper shade of filter to protect your face and eyes when welding or watching.
2. Always wear safety glasses with side shields in any work area, even if welding helmets, face shields and goggles are also required.
3. Use a face shield fitted with the correct filter and cover plates to protect your eyes, face, neck and ears from sparks and rays of the arc when operating or observing operations. Warn bystanders not to look at the arc and not to expose themselves to the rays of the electric-arc or hot metal.
4. Wear flameproof gauntlet-type gloves, heavy long-sleeve shirt, cuffless pants, high-topped shoes, and a welding helmet or cap for protection, to protect against arc rays and hot sparks or hot metal. A flameproof apron may also be desirable as protection against radiated heat and sparks.
5. Hot sparks or metal can lodge in rolled up sleeves, trouser cuffs, or pockets. Sleeves and collars should be kept buttoned and open pockets eliminated from the front of the clothing.
6. Protect other personnel from arc rays and hot sparks with a suitable non-flammable partition or curtains.
7. Use goggles over safety glasses when chipping slag or grinding. Chipped slag may be hot and can fly for long distances. Bystanders should also wear goggles over safety glasses.



FIRES AND EXPLOSIONS

Heat from flames and arcs can start fires. Hot slag or sparks can also cause fires and explosions. Therefore:

1. Protect yourself and others from flying sparks and hot metal.
2. Move all combustible materials well away from the work area or cover the materials with a protective non-flammable covering. Combustible materials include wood, cloth, sawdust, liquid and gas fuels, solvents, paints, and coating paper, etc.
3. Hot sparks or hot metal can fall through cracks or crevices in floors or wall openings and cause a hidden smoldering fire or fires on the floor below. Make certain that such openings are protected from hot sparks and metal.
4. Do not weld, cut, or perform other hot work until the work piece has been completely cleaned so that there are no substances on the work piece which might produce flammable or toxic vapors. Do not perform hot work on closed containers, they may explode.
5. Have fire extinguishing equipment handy for instant use, such as a garden hose, water pail, sand bucket, or portable fire extinguisher. Be sure you are trained in its use.
6. Do not use equipment beyond its ratings. For example, an overloaded welding cable can overheat and create a fire hazard.
7. After completing work, inspect the work area to make sure there are no hot sparks or hot metal that could cause a fire later. Use fire watchers when necessary.



ELECTRICAL SHOCK

Contact with live electrical parts and ground can cause severe injury or death. DO NOT use AC welding current in damp areas, if movement is confined, or if there is danger of falling. Therefore:

1. Be sure the power source frame (chassis) is connected to the earth system of the input power.
2. Connect the workpiece to a good electrical earth.
3. Connect the work cable to the workpiece. A poor or missing connection can expose you or others to a fatal shock.
4. Use well-maintained equipment. Replace worn or damaged cables.
5. Keep everything dry, including clothing, work area, cables, torch/electrode holder and power source.
6. Make sure that all parts of your body are insulated from both the work piece and from the ground.
7. Do not stand directly on metal or the ground while working in tight quarters or a damp area; stand on dry boards or an insulating platform and wear rubber-soled shoes.
8. Put on dry, hole-free gloves before turning on the power.
9. Turn off the power, before removing your gloves.
10. Refer to ANSI/ASC Standard Z49.1 for specific grounding recommendations. Do not mistake the work lead for a earth cable.



ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS

May be dangerous. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding and cutting current creates EMF around welding cables and welding machines. Therefore:

1. Welders with pacemakers fitted should consult their doctor before welding. EMF may interfere with some pacemakers.
2. Exposure to EMF may have other health effects which are unknown.

3. Welders should use the following procedures to minimize exposure to EMF:
 - a) Route the electrode and work cables together. Secure them with tape when possible.
 - b) Never coil the torch or work cable around your body.
 - c) Do not place your body between the torch and work cables. Route cables on the same side of your body.
 - d) Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.
 - e) Keep the welding power source and cables as far away from your body as possible.



FUMES AND GASES

Fumes and gases, can cause discomfort or harm, particularly in confined spaces. Shielding gases can cause asphyxiation. Therefore:

1. Keep your head out of the fumes. Do not breathe the fumes and gases.
2. Always provide adequate ventilation in the work area by natural or mechanical means. Do not weld, cut or gouge on materials such as galvanized steel, stainless steel, copper, zinc, lead beryllium or cadmium unless positive mechanical ventilation is provided. Do not breathe in the fumes from these materials.
3. Do not operate near degreasing and spraying operations. The heat or arc can react with chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritant gases.
4. If you develop momentary eye, nose or throat irritation while operating, this is an indication that the ventilation is not adequate. Stop work and take the necessary steps to improve ventilation in the work area. Do not continue to operate if physical discomfort persists.
5. Refer to ANSI/ASC Standard Z49.1 for specific ventilation recommendations.
6. **WARNING:** This product when used for welding or cutting, produces fumes or gases which contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects and in some cases cancer (California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 et seq.)



CYLINDER HANDLING

Cylinders, if mishandled, can rupture and violently release gas. A sudden rupture of cylinder valve or relief device can injure or kill. Therefore:

1. Locate cylinders away from heat, sparks and flames. Never strike an arc on a cylinder.
2. Use the proper gas for the process and use the proper pressure reducing regulator designed to operate from the compressed gas cylinder. Do not use adapters. Maintain hoses and fittings in good condition. Follow the manufacturer's operating instructions for mounting a regulator to a compressed gas cylinder.
3. Always secure cylinders in an upright position, by chain or strap, to suitable hand trucks, undercarriages, benches, wall, post or racks. Never secure cylinders to work tables or fixtures where they may become part of an electrical circuit.
4. When not in use, keep cylinder valves closed. Have valve protection cap in place if regulator is not connected. Secure and move cylinders by using suitable hand trucks.



MOVING PARTS

Moving parts, such as fans, rotors and belts can cause injury. Therefore:

1. Keep all doors, panels, guards, and covers closed and securely in place.
2. Stop the engine or drive systems before installing or connecting a unit.
3. Have only qualified people remove covers for maintenance and troubleshooting as necessary
4. To prevent accidental starting of equipment during service, disconnect negative (-) battery cable from battery.
5. Keep hands, hair, loose clothing and tools away from moving parts.

6. Reinstall panels or covers and close doors when service is finished and before starting engine.



**WARNING!
FALLING EQUIPMENT CAN INJURE**

- Only use lifting eye to lift unit. Do NOT use running gear, gas cylinders or any other accessories.
- Use equipment of adequate capacity to lift and support unit.
- If using lift forks to move unit, be sure forks are long enough to extend beyond opposite side of unit.
- Keep cables and cords away from moving vehicles when working from an aerial location.



**WARNING!
EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE**

Faulty or improperly maintained equipment can cause injury or death. Therefore:

1. Always have qualified personnel perform the installation, troubleshooting and maintenance work. Do not perform any electrical work unless you are qualified to perform such work.
2. Before performing any maintenance work inside a power source, disconnect the power source from the incoming electrical power.
3. Maintain cables, earthing wire, connections, power cord and power supply in safe working order. Do not operate any equipment in faulty condition.
4. Do not abuse any equipment or accessories. Keep equipment away from heat sources such as furnaces, wet conditions such as water puddles, oil or grease, corrosive atmospheres and inclement weather.
5. Keep all safety devices and cabinet covers in position and in good repair.
6. Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Do not modify it in any manner.



**CAUTION!
ADDITIONAL SAFETY INFORMATION**

For more information on safe practices for electric arc welding and cutting equipment, ask your supplier for a copy of “Precautions and Safe Practices for Arc Welding, Cutting and Gouging,” Form 52-529.

The following publications are recommended:

- ANSI/ASC Z49.1 - “Safety in Welding and Cutting”
- AWS C5.5 - “Recommended Practices for Gas Tungsten Arc Welding”
- AWS C5.6 - “Recommended Practices for Gas Metal Arc welding”
- AWS SP - “Safe practices” - Reprint, Welding Handbook
- ANSI/AWS F4.1 - “Recommended Safe Practices for Welding and Cutting of Containers That Have Held Hazardous Substances”
- OSHA 29 CFR 1910 - "Safety and health standards"
- CSA W117.2 - "Code for safety in welding and cutting"
- NFPA Standard 51B, “Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work”
- CGA Standard P-1, “Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders”
- ANSI Z87.1, "Occupational and Educational Personal Eye and Face Protection Devices"

1.3 User responsibility

Users of ESAB equipment have the ultimate responsibility for ensuring that anyone who works on or near the equipment observes all the relevant safety precautions. Safety precautions must meet the requirements that apply to this type of equipment. The following recommendations should be observed, in addition to the standard regulations that apply to the workplace.

All work must be carried out by trained personnel well-acquainted with the operation of the equipment. Incorrect operation of the equipment may lead to hazardous situations, which could result in injury to the operator and damage to the equipment.

1. Anyone who uses the equipment must be familiar with:
 - its operation
 - the location of emergency stops
 - its function
 - the relevant safety precautions
 - welding and cutting or other applicable operation of the equipment
2. The operator must ensure that:
 - no unauthorized person is within the working area of the equipment when it is started up
 - no-one is unprotected when the arc is struck or work is started with the equipment
3. The workplace must:
 - be suitable for the purpose
 - be free from drafts
4. Personal safety equipment:
 - Always wear recommended personal safety equipment, such as safety glasses, flame-proof clothing, safety gloves
 - Do not wear loose-fitting items, such as scarves, bracelets, rings, etc., which could become trapped or cause burns
5. General precautions:
 - Make sure the return cable is connected securely
 - Work on high voltage equipment **may only be carried out by a qualified electrician**
 - Appropriate fire extinguishing equipment must be clearly marked and close at hand
 - Lubrication and maintenance must **not** be carried out on the equipment during operation

If equipped with ESAB cooler

Use ESAB approved coolant only. Non-approved coolant might damage the equipment and jeopardize product safety. In case of such damage, all warranty undertakings from ESAB cease to apply.

For ordering information, see the "ACCESSORIES" chapter in the instruction manual.



WARNING!

Arc welding and cutting may cause injury to yourself and others. Take precautions when welding and cutting.



ELECTRIC SHOCK - Can kill

- Do not touch live electrical parts or electrodes with bare skin, wet gloves, or wet clothing
- Insulate yourself from work and ground.
- Ensure your working position is safe



ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS - Can be dangerous to health

- Welders with pacemakers fitted should consult their doctor before welding. EMF may interfere with some pacemakers.
- Exposure to EMF may have other health effects which are unknown.
- Welders should use the following procedures to minimize exposure to EMF:
 - Route the electrode and work cables together on the same side of your body. Secure them with tape when possible. Do not place your body between the torch and work cables. Never coil the torch or work cable around your body. Keep the welding power source and cables as far away from your body as possible.
 - Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.



FUMES AND GASES - Can be dangerous to health

- Keep your head out of the fumes
- Use ventilation, extraction at the arc, or both, to take fumes and gases away from your breathing zone and the general area



ARC RAYS - Can injure eyes and burn skin

- Protect your eyes and body. Use the correct welding screen and filter lens and wear protective clothing
- Protect bystanders with suitable screens or curtains



NOISE - Excessive noise can damage hearing

Protect your ears. Use ear defenders or other hearing protection.



MOVING PARTS - Can cause injuries

- Keep all doors, panels and covers closed and securely in place. Have only qualified people remove covers for maintenance and troubleshooting as necessary. Reinstall panels or covers and close doors when service is finished and before starting engine.



- Stop engine before installing or connecting unit.
- Keep hands, hair, loose clothing and tools away from moving parts.



FIRE HAZARD

- Sparks (spatter) can cause a fire. Therefore, make sure that there are no inflammable materials nearby
- Do not use on closed containers.



HOT SURFACE - Parts can burn

- Do not touch parts bare handed.
- Allow cooling period before working on equipment.
- To handle hot parts, use proper tools and/or insulated welding gloves to prevent burns.

MALFUNCTION - Call for expert assistance in the event of malfunction.

PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS!



CAUTION!

This product is solely intended for arc welding.

ESAB has an assortment of welding accessories and personal protection equipment for purchase. For ordering information contact your local ESAB dealer or visit us on our website.

1.4 California proposition 65 warning



WARNING!

Welding or cutting equipment produces fumes or gases which contain chemicals known in the State of California to cause birth defects and, in some cases, cancer. (California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq.)



WARNING!

This product can expose you to chemicals including lead, which are known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after use.

For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

2 INTRODUCTION

The **RobustFeed Edge** wire feeder unit is intended for GMAW welding together with Warrior Edge 500.

The wire feed unit comes in different versions (see the "ORDERING NUMBERS" appendix).

The wire feed unit is sealed and contains a four-wheel drive wire feed mechanism as well as control electronics.

It can be used together with standard Ø 8 in. (Ø 200 mm) and Ø 12 in. (Ø 300 mm) wire bobbin or with ESAB's Marathon Pac™ with a wire adapter to feed the wire.

The wire feed unit can be placed on a trolley, suspended above the workplace or on the floor (standing up or laying down and with or without a wheel set).

ESAB accessories for the product can be found in the "ACCESSORIES" chapter of this manual.

2.1 Equipment

RobustFeed Edge is supplied with:

- 2 admin cards
- 3 user cards
- Drive rolls:
 - 0.9/1.0 mm (0.040 in.)
 - 1.2 mm (0.045 in.)
- Wire guides: 0.6-1.6 mm (0.023-1/16 in.)
- Instruction manual
- Quick start guide

3 TECHNICAL DATA

ROBUSTFEED EDGE	
Power Supply voltage	60 VDC
Power requirement	234 W
Rated supply current I_r	3.9 A
Torch connection	EURO, Tweco #4
Wire feed speed	32–984 in./min (0.8–25.0 m/min)
Max. diameter wire bobbin	12 in. (300 mm)
Weight:	
RobustFeed Edge BX	37 lb. (16.8 kg)
RobustFeed Edge CX	38.6 lb. (17.5 kg)
Maximum weight wire spool	44 lb. (20 kg)
Dimensions (l×w×h)	23.4 × 9.8 × 16.9 in. (595 × 250 × 430 mm)
Operating temperature	-4° to +131°F (-20° to +55°C)
Transport and storage temperature	-40° to +176°F (-40° to +80°C)
Shielding gas	All types intended for GMAW welding
Shielding gas	
Gas flow range for RobustFeed Edge BX	11–74 CFH (5–35 l/min)
Gas pressure for RobustFeed Edge CX	43–73 PSI (3–5 bar)
Coolant	ESAB's ready mixed coolant
Maximum coolant pressure	73 PSI (5 bar)
Permissible load	
60% duty cycle	500 A
100% duty cycle	400 A
Enclosure class	IP54

Duty cycle

The duty cycle refers to the time as a percentage of a ten-minute period that you can weld at a certain load without overloading.

Enclosure class

The **IP** code indicates the enclosure class, i.e. the degree of protection against penetration by solid objects or water.


Equipment marked **IP54** is designed for indoor and outdoor applications. It is protected in all directions against dust accumulation and water exposure either through splashing or dripping.

4 INSTALLATION

4.1 Installation

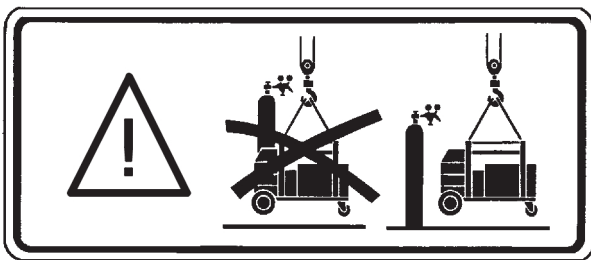
The installation must be carried out by a professional.

**WARNING!**

When welding in an environment with increased electrical danger, only power sources intended for this environment may be used. These power sources are marked with the symbol .

**CAUTION!**

This product is intended for industrial use. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference. It is the user's responsibility to take adequate precautions.



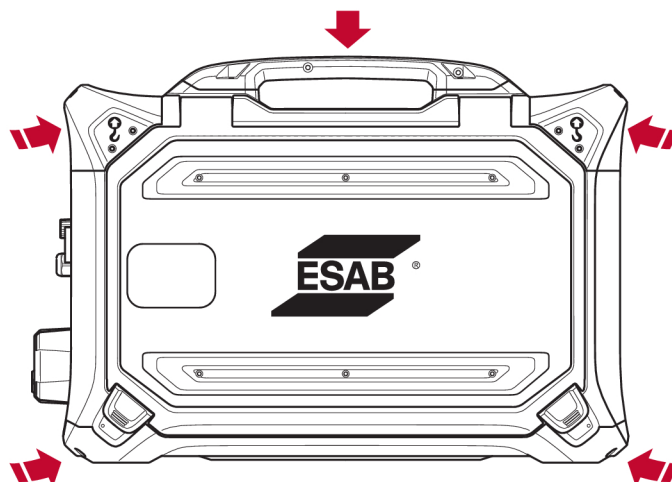
4.2 Lifting instructions

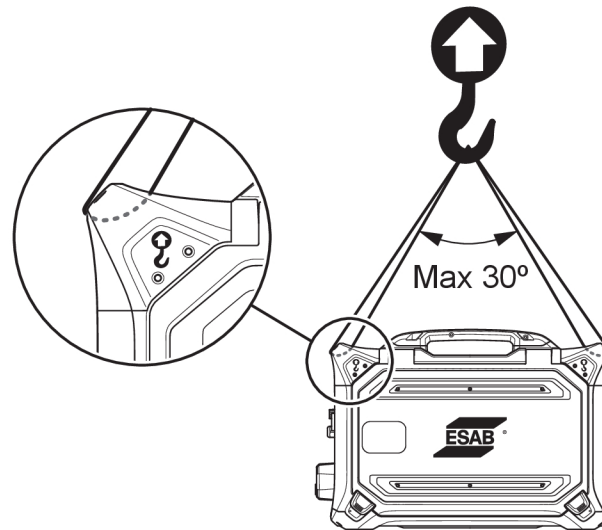
**CAUTION!**

Risk of crushing when lifting the wire feeder. Protect yourself and warn bystanders of the risk.

**CAUTION!**

To avoid personal injury and damage to the equipment, lift using the methods and attachment points detailed below.





CAUTION!

Do not place heavy objects on the wire feeder when lifting. Objects should not be secured. The lifting points are rated for a **maximum total weight of 40 kg / 90 lb.** when lifted in the two outer upper lifting handles according to the graphic above!

The 40 kg / 90 lb. approved weight consists of wire feeder plus accessories (standard feeder weight is 17.5 kg / 38.6 lb., for all weights see the TECHNICAL DATA chapter).

5 OPERATION

General safety regulations for handling the equipment can be found in the "SAFETY" chapter of this manual. Read it through before you start using the equipment!



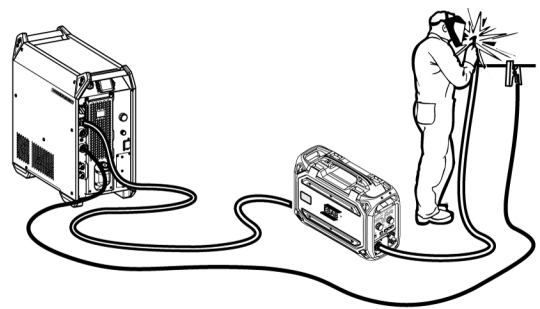
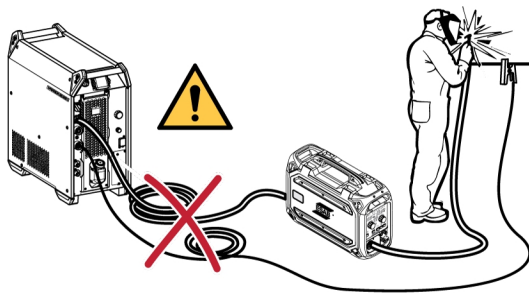
WARNING!

To avoid shock, do not touch the electrode wire or parts in contact with it, or uninsulated cable or connections.



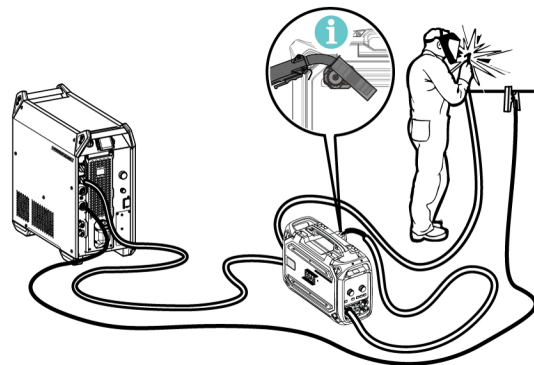
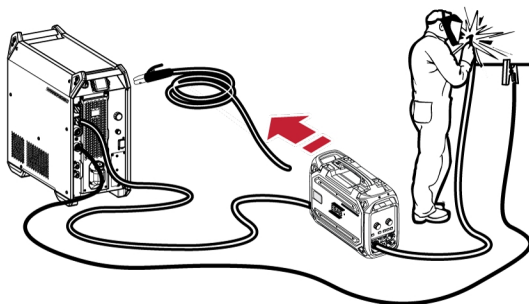
NOTE!

When moving the equipment, use the handle intended for transportation. Never pull the equipment by the welding torch.



WARNING!

Wire feeders are intended to be used with power sources in GMAW and SMAW mode. If used in GMAW, the SMAW holder must be disconnected from the wire feeder and the OKC must be covered. If used in SMAW, the GMAW torch becomes energized, the torch must be kept in the torch holder (if available) or disconnected.



WARNING!

Make sure the side panels are closed during operation.



WARNING!

To prevent the reel from sliding off the brake hub, lock the reel in place by tightening the brake hub nut.



NOTE!

Replace the brake hub nut and the brake hub sleeve if they are worn out and don't lock properly.

**CAUTION!**

Before threading welding wire, make sure the chisel point and burrs have been removed from the end of the wire to prevent the wire from jamming in the torch liner.

**WARNING!**

Rotating parts can cause injury, take great care.

**WARNING!**

Secure the equipment, especially if used on an uneven or sloping surface.

5.1 Recommended maximum current values for connection cables set

At an ambient temperature of +25 °C and normal 10 minutes cycle:

Cable area	Duty cycle		Voltage loss / 10 m
	100%	60%	
50 mm ²	290	320	0.35 V / 100 A
70 mm ²	360	400	0.25 V / 100 A
95 mm ²	430	500	0.19 V / 100 A

At an ambient temperature of +40 °C and normal 10 minutes cycle:

Cable area	Duty cycle		Voltage loss / 10 m
	100%	60%	
50 mm ²	250	280	0.37 V / 100 A
70 mm ²	310	350	0.27 V / 100 A
95 mm ²	370	430	0.20 V / 100 A

Duty cycle

The duty cycle refers to the time as a percentage of a ten-minute period that you can weld at a certain load without overloading.

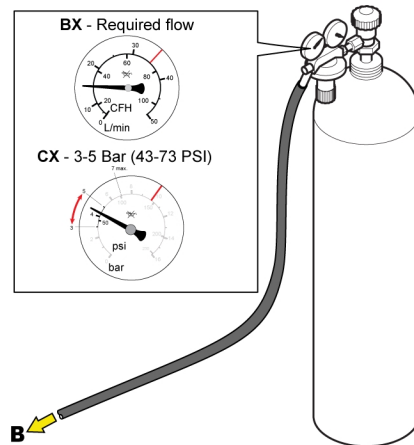
5.2 Recommended gas regulators

RobustFeed BX

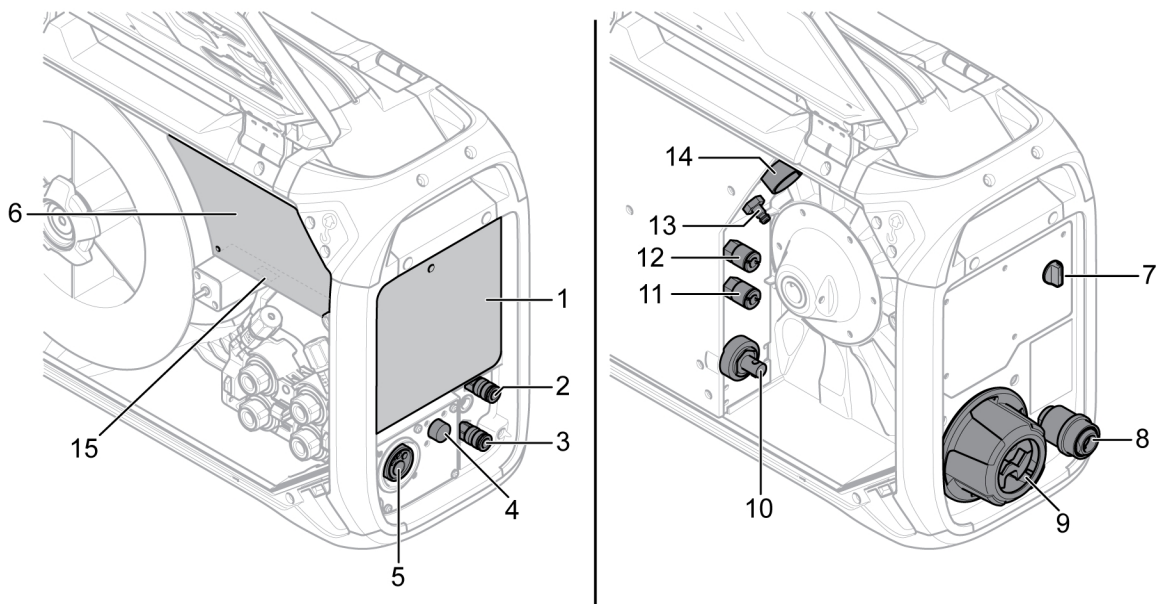
The gas cylinder should be equipped with a flow regulator. The required flow should be set on the flow regulator to perform the welding.

RobustFeed CX

The gas cylinder should be equipped with a pressure regulator. Set the pressure regulator in the range of 3–5 bar (43–73 psi). The pressure should not exceed 5 bar (73 psi) and the flow should be adjusted on the internal control panel.



5.3 Connections and control devices



- | | |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. External control panel (see the "CONTROL PANEL" chapter) 2. Connection for cooling liquid to the welding torch 3. Connection for cooling liquid from the welding torch 4. Connection for the Tweco trigger cable (only in combination with Tweco torch) 5. Connection for the welding torch (Euro or Tweco type) 6. Internal control panel (see the "CONTROL PANEL" chapter) | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7. Heater/Feeder on-off switch 8. Wire inlet adapter to use with Marathon Pac™ 9. Interconnection strain relief for cables from power source 10. Connection for welding current from power source (OKC) 11. Connection for cooling liquid to the power source 12. Connection for cooling liquid from the power source 13. Connection for shielding gas 14. Connection for control cable from power source 15. USB port |
|--|--|



WARNING!

The right and left side doors of the wire feed unit must be closed and locked when welding and/or wire feeding occurs. Never weld or feed the wire unless both doors are closed.

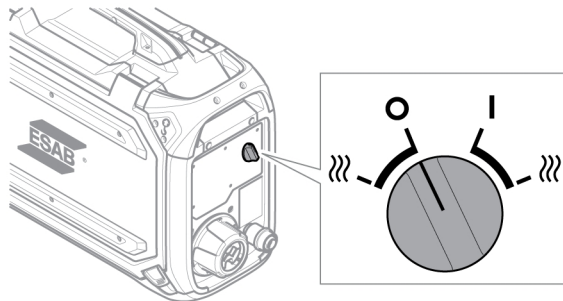
5.4 Cooling liquid connection

ELP (ESAB Logic Pump)

The cooling unit is equipped with a detection system called ELP (ESAB Logic Pump) which checks that the coolant hoses are connected. When a liquid-cooled torch is connected, cooling starts.

When connecting a liquid-cooled welding torch, the main power supply switch of the power source must be in the OFF position.

5.5 Heater/Feeder ON-OFF switch



Indicator	Description	Indicator	Description
○	Feeder OFF	I	Feeder ON
⋈	Heat ON and feeder OFF The bobbin area is heated to keep the welding wire dry. Heating the bobbin area is highly advantageous in environments with high levels of humidity or where the temperature fluctuates throughout the day.	⋈	Heat ON and feeder ON

5.6 Lighting inside the wire feed unit

Lights are fitted inside the cabinet of the wire feed unit.

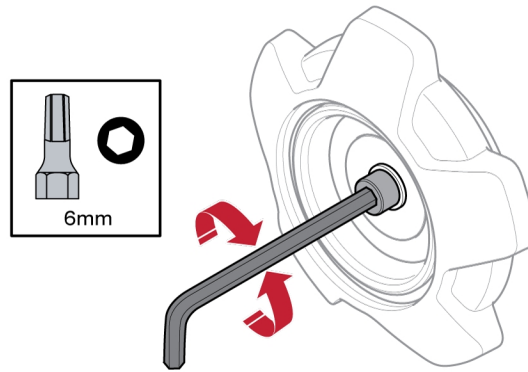
1. The feeder mechanism light turns on and off when the door is opened and closed respectively.
2. The wire bobbin light turns on when the door is opened and live welding is in progress. It turns off when the welding has been stopped or the door has been closed.

5.7 Bobbin brake

The bobbin brake force should be increased just enough to prevent wire feed overrun. The actual brake force required depends on the wire feed speed and the size and weight of the bobbin spool.

Do not overload the bobbin brake. If the brake force is too high, it may overload the motor, resulting in a lower-quality welding result.

The bobbin brake force is adjusted using the 6-mm hexagon Allen screw in the middle of the brake hub nut.



5.8 Changing and loading wire

- 1) Open the left door of the wire feeder.
- 2) Untighten and remove the brake hub nut and remove the old wire spool.
- 3) Insert a new wire spool into the feeder unit and straighten out the new welding wire 10–20 cm. File away burrs and sharp edges from the end of the wire before inserting it into the feeder mechanism.
- 4) Lock the wire spool onto the brake hub by tightening the brake hub nut.
- 5) Thread the wire through the feeder mechanism (according to the illustration on the inside of the feeder unit).



NOTE!

Replace the brake hub nut and the brake hub sleeve if they are worn out and do not lock properly.

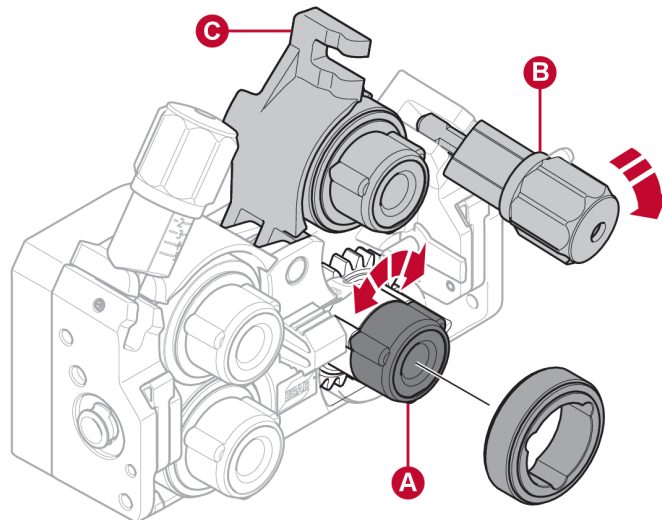
- 6) Close and lock the left door of the wire feeder

5.9 Changing feed rollers

When changing to a different type of wire, the feed rollers should also be changed to match the new type of wire. For more information about correct feed rollers depending on wire diameter and type, see the WEAR PARTS appendix. For tips about easy access to essential wear parts, see the "Wear parts storage compartment" section in this manual.

- 1) Open the left door of the wire feeder.
- 2) Unlock the feed rollers to be exchanged, by rotating the roller quick lock (A) for each roller.

- 3) Relieve the pressure on the feed rollers, by folding the tensioner units (B) down and thereby releasing the swing arms (C).

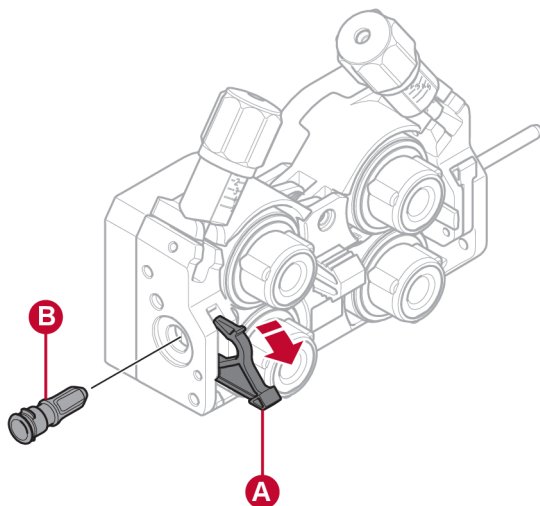


- 4) Remove the feed rollers and install the correct ones (according to the WEAR PARTS appendix).
- 5) Reapply the pressure on the feed rollers, by pushing the swing arms (C) down and secure them using the tensioner units (B).
- 6) Lock the rollers by rotating the roller quick locks (A).
- 7) Close and lock the left door of the wire feeder.

5.10 Changing the wire guides

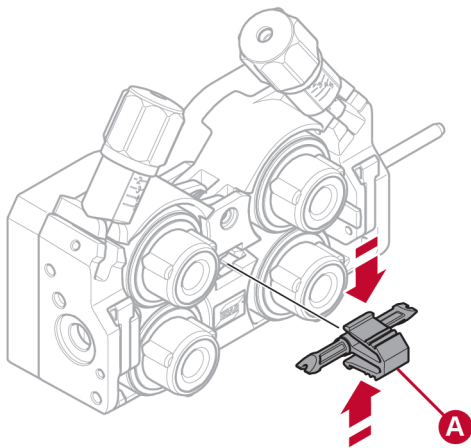
When changing to a different type of wire, the wire guides may need to be changed to match the new type of wire. For information about the correct wire guides depending on wire diameter and type, see the WEAR PARTS appendix. For tips about easy access to essential wear parts, see the "Wear parts storage compartment" section in this manual.

5.10.1 Inlet wire guide



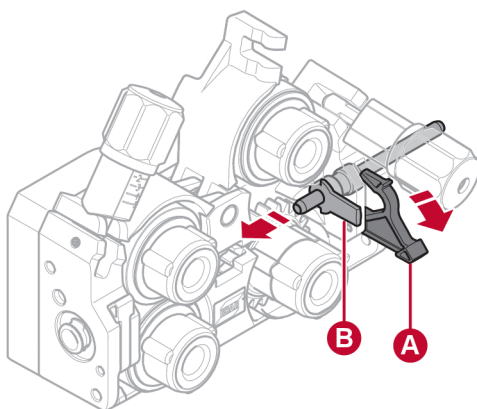
- 1) Unlock the inlet wire guide quick lock (A) by folding it out.
- 2) Remove the inlet wire guide (B).
- 3) Fit the correct inlet wire guide (according to the WEAR PARTS appendix).
- 4) Lock the new inlet wire guide into place using the wire guide quick lock (A).

5.10.2 Middle wire guide



- 1) Apply a small amount of pressure to the middle wire guide clip and remove the middle wire guide (A).
- 2) Push in the correct type of wire guide (according to the WEAR PARTS appendix). The clip automatically locks the wire guide when in the correct position.

5.10.3 Outlet wire guide



- 1) Remove the lower right feed roller (see the "Changing feed rollers" section).
- 2) Remove the middle wire guide (see the "Middle wire guide" section).
- 3) Unlock the outlet wire guide quick lock (A) by folding it out.
- 4) Remove the outlet wire guide (B).
- 5) Install the correct outlet wire guide (according to the WEAR PARTS appendix).
- 6) Lock the new outlet wire guide into place using the wire guide quick lock (A).
- 7) Reattach the second pair of feed rollers and reapply the roller pressure (see the "Changing feed rollers" section).

5.11 Roller pressure

The roller pressure should be adjusted separately on each tensioner unit, depending on the material and diameter of the wire used.

Start by making sure that the wire moves smoothly through the wire guide. Then set the pressure of the wire feeder's pressure rollers. It is important that the pressure is not too high.

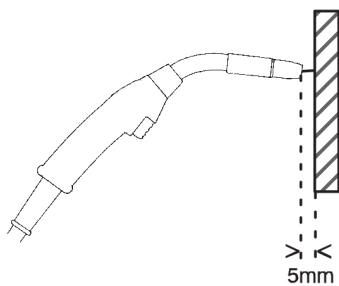


Figure A

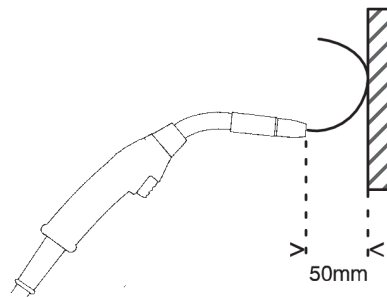


Figure B

To check that the feed pressure is set correctly, you can feed out the wire against an insulated object, e.g. a piece of wood.

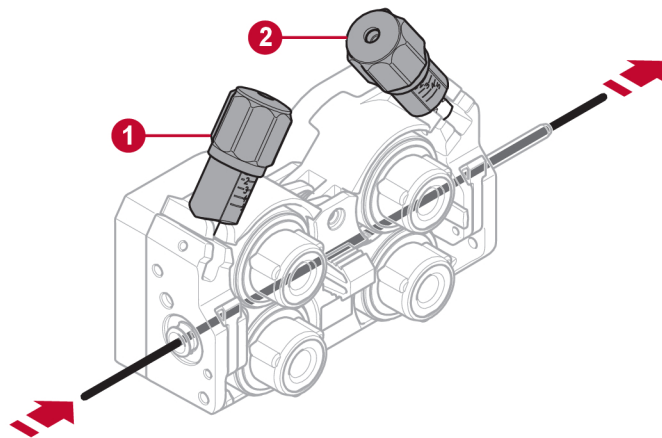
When you hold the welding torch approx. (5 mm) from the piece of wood (figure A) the feed rollers should slip.

If you hold the welding torch approx. (50 mm) from the piece of wood, the wire should feed out and bend (figure B).

5 OPERATION

The table below serves as a guideline showing approximate roller pressure settings for standard conditions with correct bobbin brake force. If the torch cables are long, dirty or worn, the pressure setting may need to be increased. Always check the roller pressure setting on a case-by-case basis by feeding out the wire against an insulated object as described above. A table showing approximate settings can also be found on the inside of the left door of the wire feeder.

		Wire diameter (in.) (mm)	.023	.030	.040	.045	.052	1/16	.070	5/64	3/32	
			0.6	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.4	
		Pressure setting										
Wire material	Fe, Ss	Tensioner unit 1	2.5									
		Tensioner unit 2	3–3.5									
	Cored	Tensioner unit 1	2									
		Tensioner unit 2	2.5–3									
	Al	Tensioner unit 1	1–1.5									
		Tensioner unit 2	2–3									

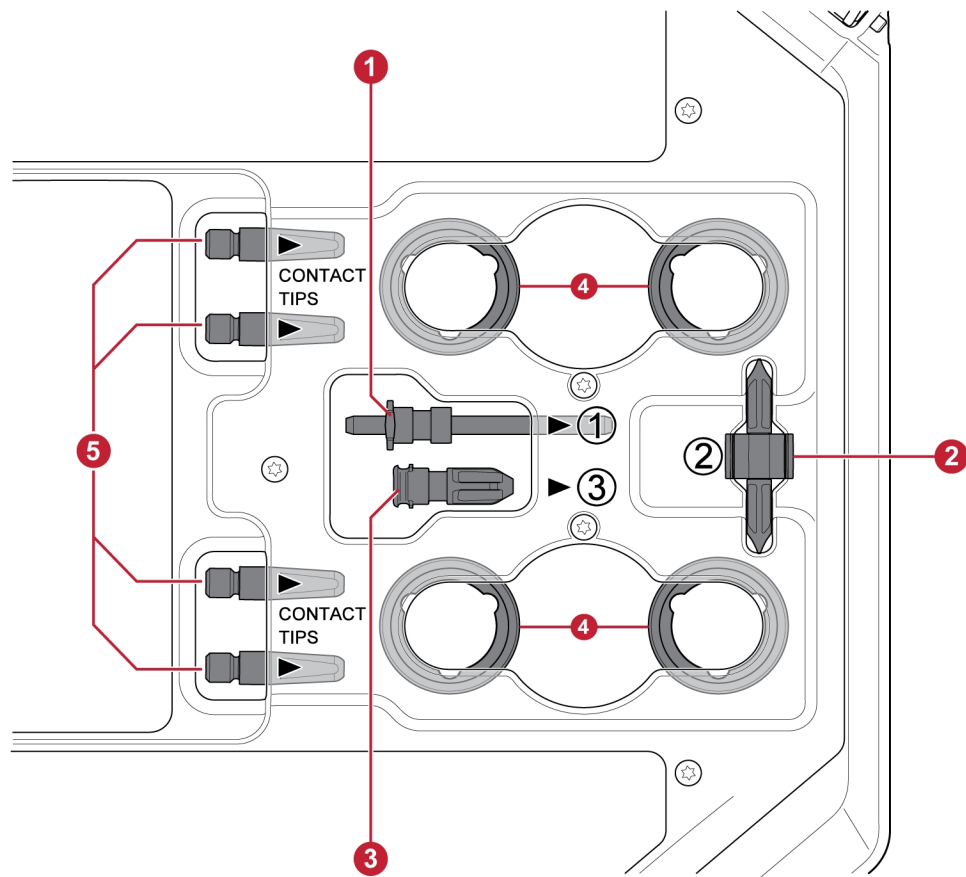


1. Tensioner unit 1

2. Tensioner unit 2

5.12 Wear parts storage compartment

A wear parts storage compartment is located on the inside of the left door of the wire feeder, providing easy access to an extra set of rollers and wire guides.



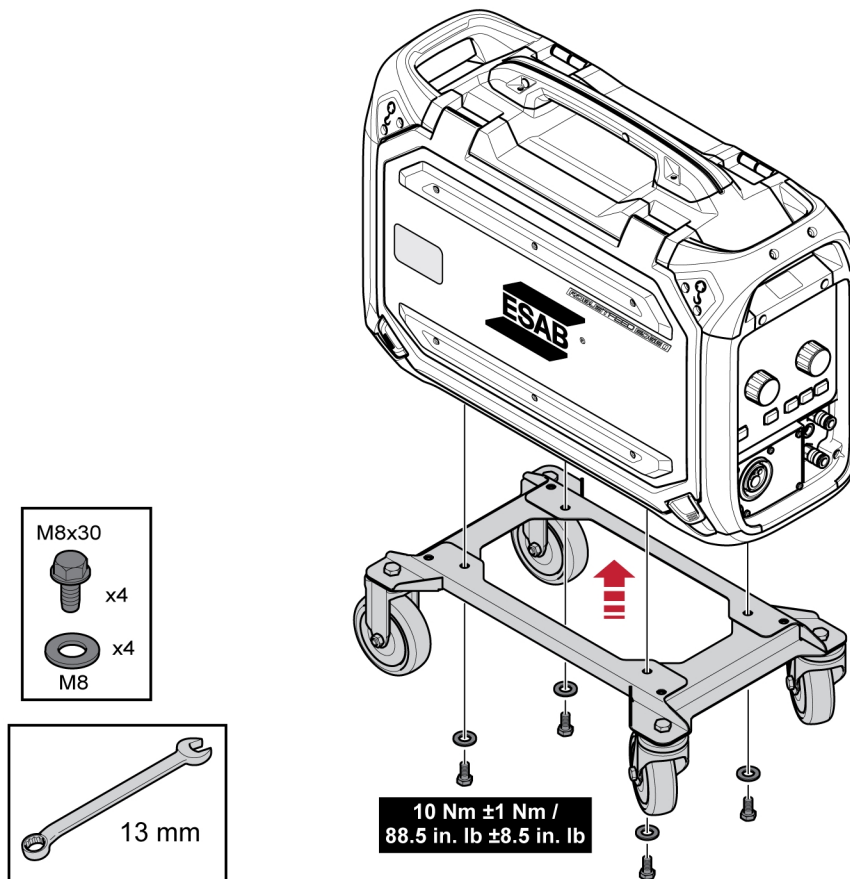
- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| 1. Inlet wire guide | 4. Feed rollers (×4 pcs.) |
| 2. Middle wire guide | 5. Contact tips for the welding torch (×4 pcs.) |
| 3. Outlet wire guide | |

5.13 Attaching the wheel kit

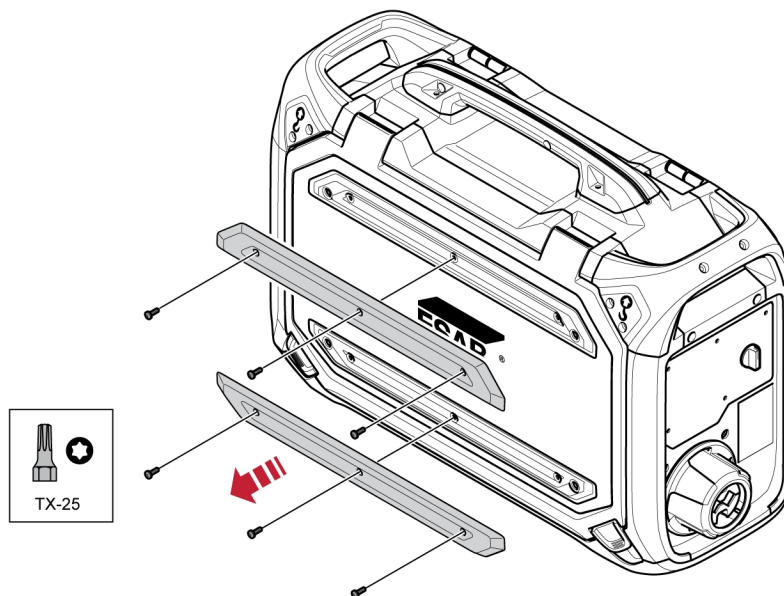
5.13.1 Attaching the wheels to the wheel kit frame

Before the wire feed unit is attached to the wheel kit, fasten the wheels to the frame by means of the M12 screws, washers and nuts, using a tightening torque of 40 ± 4 Nm (354 ± 35.4 in. lb). The fixed wheels at the rear end should be positioned parallel to the frame.

5.13.2 Wire feed unit in vertical position

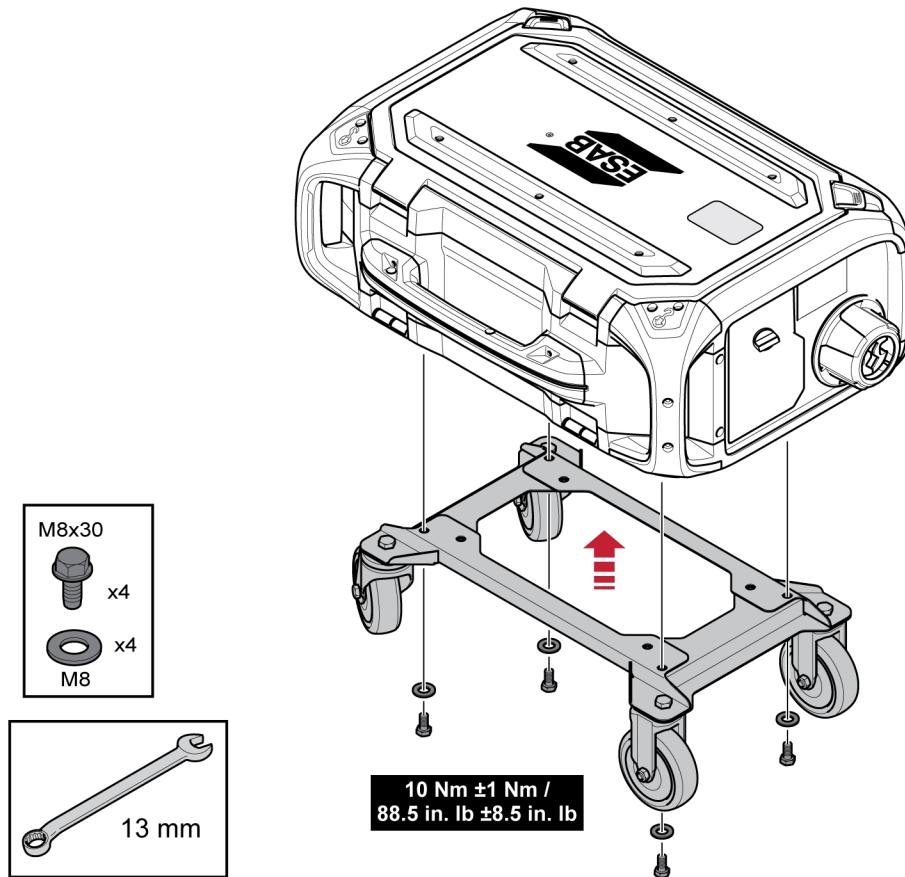


5.13.3 Wire feed unit in horizontal position



NOTE!

In order to attach the wire feeder to the wheel kit in the horizontal position, the two bumpers on the wire feeder door must be removed.



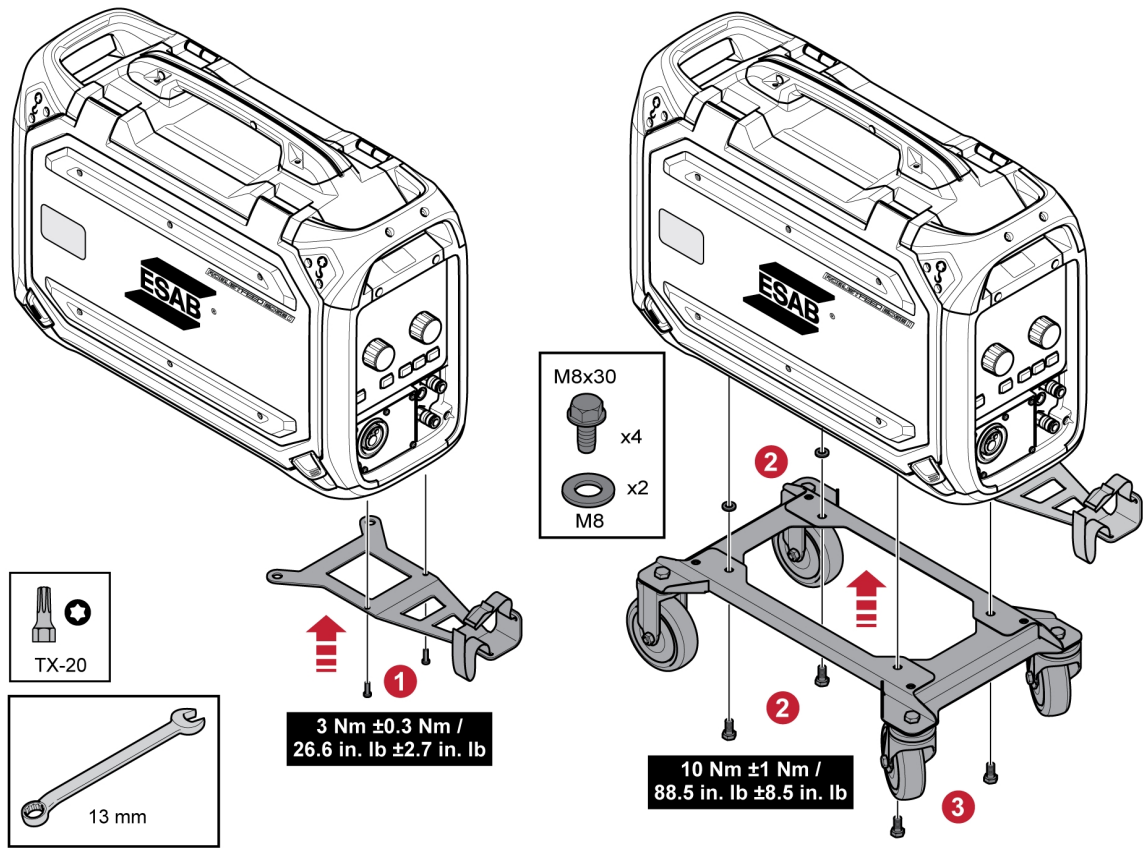
5.14 Attaching both the wheel kit and the torch strain relief accessory

- 1) If the torch strain relief accessory is to be used with the wheel kit when it is fitted in the vertical position, the assembly steps below must be completed in the following order:

Attach the torch strain relief to the wire feed unit, using the two Torx 5 screws.

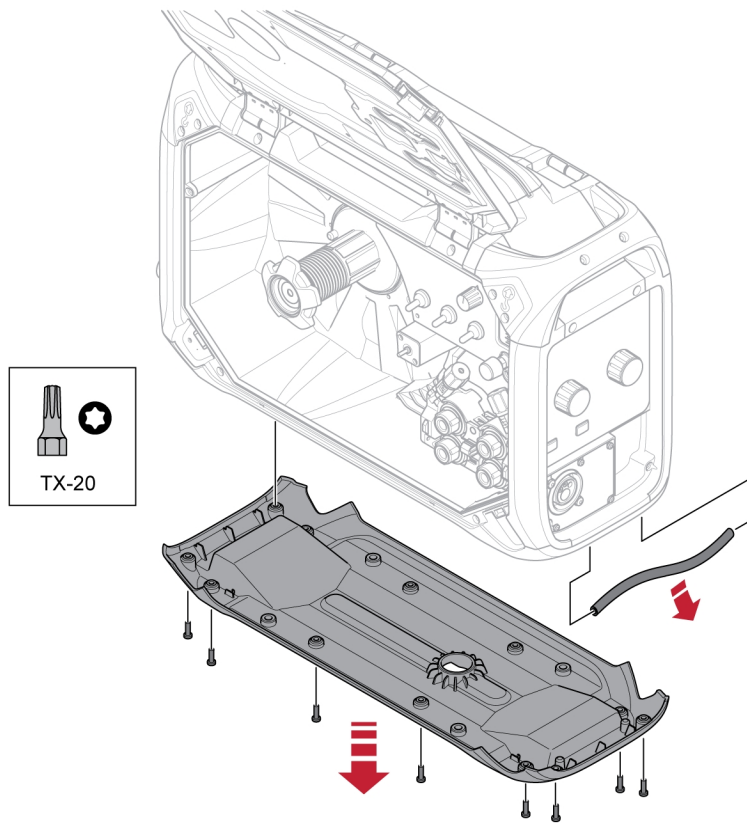
Attach the wheel kit to the wire feeder using the two screw joints near the rear end of the wire feeder. Ensure that the two distance washers are inserted between the wheel kit and the wire feeder.

Fasten the wheel kit and the torch strain relief to the wire feeder using the two screw joints located closer to the front end of the wire feeder.

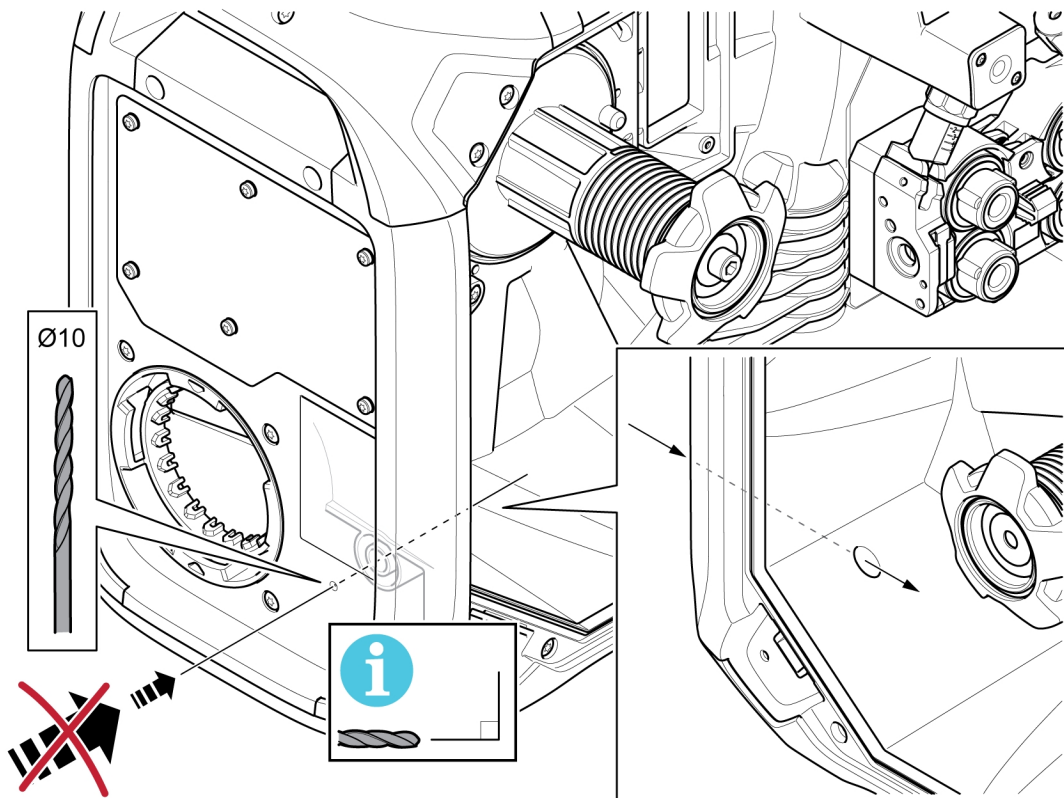


5.15 Marathon Pac™ installation

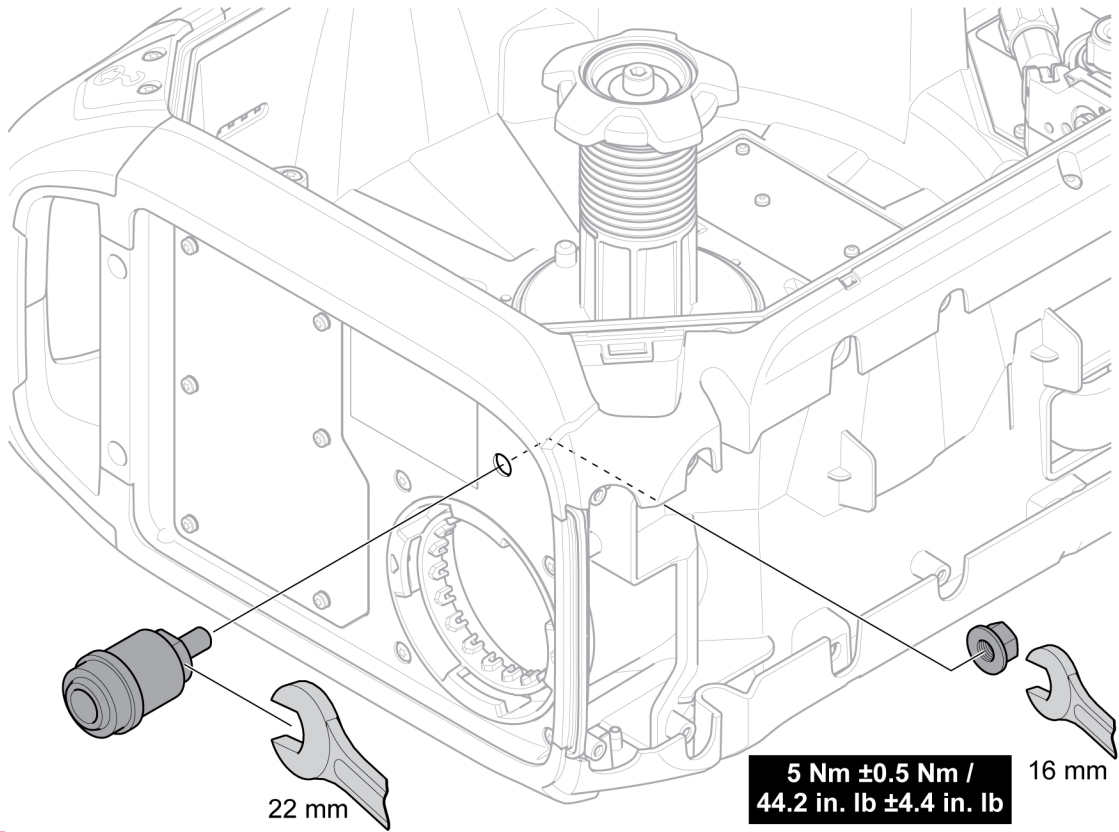
1



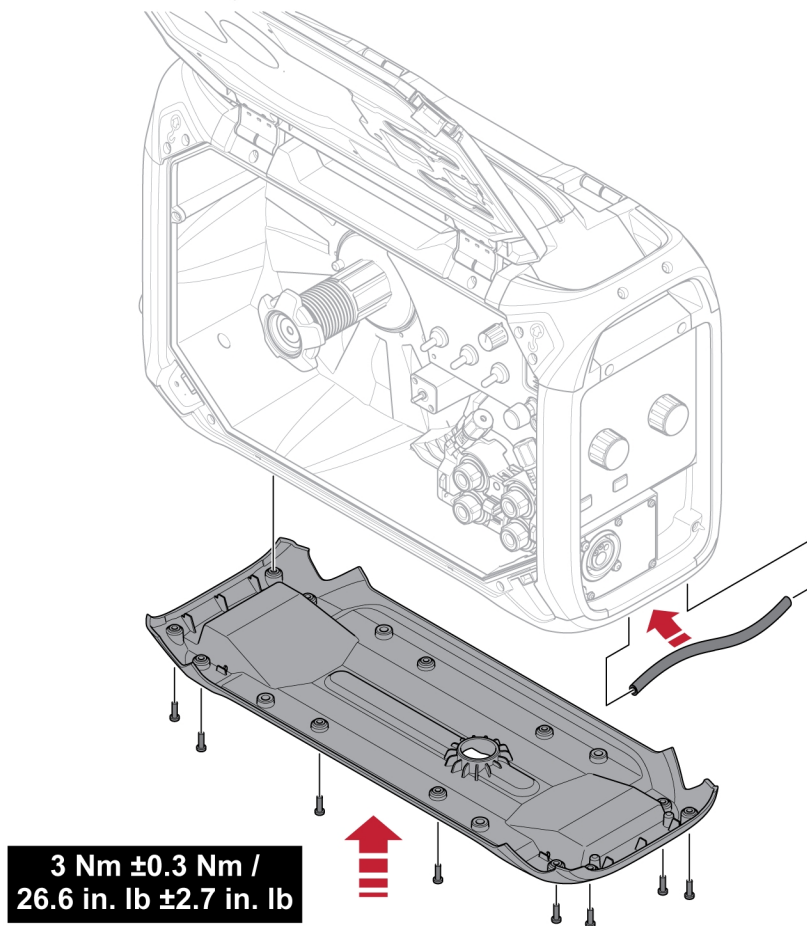
2



3

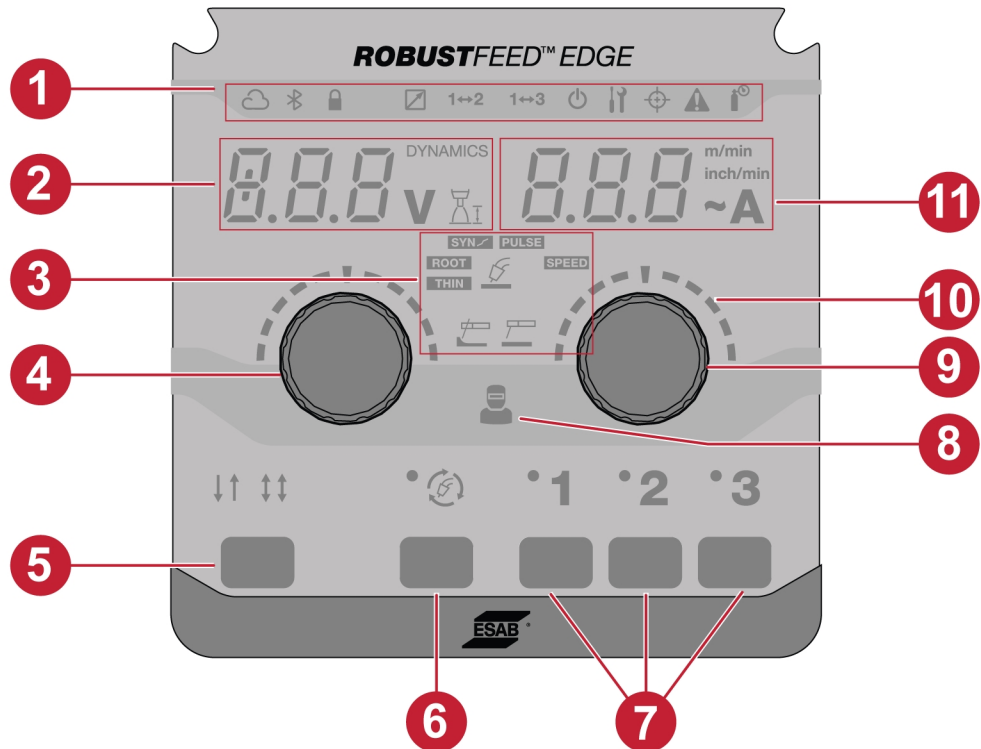


4






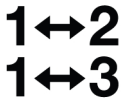


6 CONTROL PANEL



6.1 External control panel



- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. LED indicators | 7. JOBS |
| 2. Display, shows set or measured value (voltage / dynamics / arc length) | 8. Operator management indicator |
| 3. Welding applications | 9. Push encoder knob to change wire feed speed / amperage |
| 4. Push encoder knob to change dynamics, voltage and arc length | 10. Scales |
| 5. Trigger modes – 2T / 4T | 11. Display – shows set or measured value (wire feed speed / amperage) |
| 6. Weld mode selection button | |

6.1.1 LED indicators description

Indicator	Description
	<p>WeldCloud™</p> <p>An online management system that connects welding power supplies to a software platform that manages data to be analyzed for maximum productivity.</p> <p>WeldCloud productivity provides the production manager tools to improve welding productivity and increase traceability by keeping track of each weld, operator, part number and more.</p> <p>The indicator is lit in green when it is connected and during data transfer it blinks. If it is configured and not connected, the indicator is lit in red.</p> <p>To activate your WeldCloud Fleet license, refer to manual.indusuite.com/activate-fleet-license</p> <p>To set up ESAB Edge WeldCloud, refer to manual.indusuite.com/esab-edge</p>
	<p>Bluetooth</p> <p>Bluetooth is used to wirelessly connect to mobile device networks. The indicator is lit in green when it is connected.</p>
	<p>Lock</p> <p>Green - This indicates when the system has limited access or Job limits are active.</p> <p>Red - This indicates the system is locked, and to be able to use the system, it is required to unlock.</p> <p>Red (blink) - This indicates when the user is trying to access the restricted features.</p>
	<p>Trigger JOB Shift</p> <p>This function allows changing between different jobs when the trigger of the welding torch is pressed.</p> <p>The indicator is lit based on the Trigger JOB shift function selected on the control panel.</p> <p>For more information, see section "System settings."</p>
	<p>TRUEARC compensate</p> <p>To achieve a good welding result, the arc voltage is a crucial factor. In GMAW welding, the power source is prepared to sense the arc voltage in the wire feeder. Prerequisite for this functionality is that an ESAB wire feeder and an ESAB interconnection cable is used.</p> <p>In compensation mode, when the torch is triggered on the workpiece, it measures the inductance and resistance to compensate for the voltage drop in the interconnection cable, torch and return cable.</p> <p>The indicator is lit in yellow when compensation is required and it blinks during the compensation process. If the compensation is success, the indicator is lit in green.</p>
	<p>Gas indicator</p> <p>The indicator is lit when there is a shielding gas warning and error.</p>

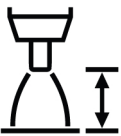
Indicator	Description
	<p>Warning/Error</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Warning <p>The indicator blinks yellow when there is a warning in the system. The completion of an ongoing weld is possible, but the start of a new weld is prevented as long as the warning remains.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Error <p>The indicator blinks in red when there is an error in the system. The ongoing welding is stopped as long as the error remains.</p>
	<p>Operator management</p> <p>Green - This indicates when the operator is logged in with a user card or admin card successfully.</p> <p>Red (blink) - This indicates an unsuccessful login.</p>

6.1.2 Push encoder knobs

Push encoder knob for setting voltage, dynamics and arc length (4)

This knob increases or decreases the value of voltage, arc length and dynamics depending on the selected application.

For GMAW, press the knob to switch between voltage and dynamics.

Indicator	Description
DYNAMICS	<p>Arc dynamics</p> <p>Supplementary function for correction of dynamic arc behavior. The influence of dynamics depends on the selected welding method and application mode used.</p> <p>The indicator is lit when the dynamics value is displayed in the display (2).</p> <p>This function is inactive by default in the external control panel but can be activated in the internal control panel. For more information, see section "Front panel functionality."</p>
	<p>Arc length</p> <p>This parameter provides the possibility of arc length adjustment from a shorter arc using a negative offset to a longer arc using a positive offset setting.</p>
V	<p>Measured voltage</p> <p>Measured value in the display for welding voltage V is an average numerical value which is calculated during the welding excluding the weld termination.</p>

Push encoder knob for setting wire feed speed / A / ~A (9)

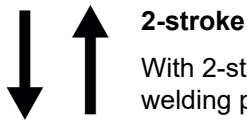
This knob increases or decreases the value of wire feed speed, amperage and estimated amperage depending on the selected application.

Indicator	Description
m/min inch/min	Wire feed speed To set a unit of wire feed speed, use "System settings" in the internal control panel. This indicator is lit based on the selection and displays the value (11).
A	Measured amperage Measured value in the display for welding current A is an average numerical value which is calculated during the weld excluding the weld termination.
~A	Estimated amperage Estimated value of current to be delivered during welding. Condition of the distance from contact tip to work piece will affect the correspondence between the estimated value and the actual measured amperage value during welding. This function is inactive by default in the external control panel but can be activated in the internal control panel. For more information, see section "Front panel functionality."

6.1.3 Buttons

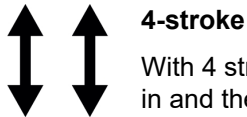
2T / 4T button (5)

This button is used for changing between 2-stroke and 4-stroke mode in GMAW applications.



2-stroke

With 2-stroke, gas pre-flow starts when the welding torch trigger switch is pressed. The welding process then starts. Releasing the trigger switch stops welding entirely and starts gas post-flow.











4-stroke

With 4 stroke, the gas pre-flow starts when the welding torch trigger switch is pressed in and the wire feed starts when it is released. The welding process continues until the switch is pressed in again, when the switch is released the wire feed then stops the gas post-flow starts.

Weld mode selection button (6)

The weld mode button is used for changing the applications (3). Weld mode selection is available from the internal control panel as well.

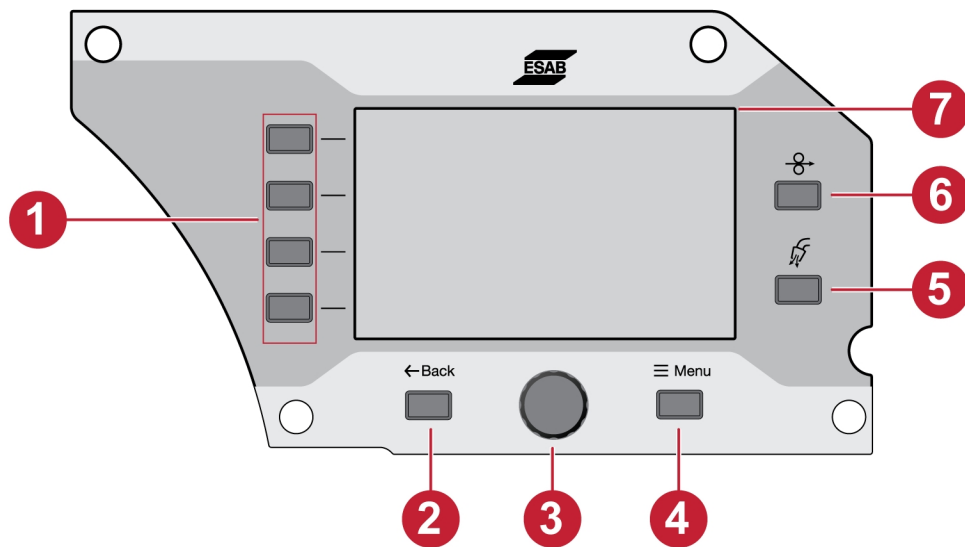
Indicator	Description
	GMAW Manual Constant voltage control process is where the set voltage and the wire feed speed are set independent of each other.
SYN 	GMAW SYNERGIC A process with synergic voltage and arc dynamics control, in relation to wire feed speed using predetermined synergic line programs providing stable arc performance. The process operates through short circuit, globular and spray droplet transfer mode.

Indicator	Description
	<p>GMAW PULSE</p> <p>The process applies a pulsed current waveform with controlled droplet transfer.</p>
	<p>GMAW SPEED</p> <p>The process provides a concentrated arc function for superior weld control and stability in the range of high welding speeds.</p>
	<p>GMAW THIN</p> <p>The process employs controlled short circuit arc, particularly suitable for welding thin materials.</p>
	<p>GMAW ROOT</p> <p>The process employs controlled short circuit arc with superior stability and handling in root welding applications.</p>
	<p>SMAW</p> <p>SMAW welding may also be referred to as welding with coated electrodes. Striking the arc melts the electrode, and its coating forms protective slag.</p>
	<p>Gouging</p> <p>The gouging process refers to the large amount of gas which is generated to eject the molten metal.</p>

JOBs buttons (7)

The JOB buttons are used to save and activate weld setting parameters. Press the JOB button (1, 2 or 3) for two seconds to save and activate the weld setting parameters to the respective JOB position. The respective LED's blink and lit in green once the current JOB is saved and activated. If the JOB contains any previous weld setting parameters, they are replaced with the new weld setting parameters.

6.2 Internal control panel



- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Function buttons | 5. Gas purge button |
| 2. Back button | 6. Wire inch button |
| 3. Push encoder knob | 7. Display |
| 4. Menu button | |

6.2.1 Buttons

Function button (1)

These buttons are used according to the functions shown on the left side panel of the display (7).

Back button (2)

Press the back button once to navigate to the previous step.

Push encoder knob (3)

Rotate the knob to navigate in the menus and press the push encoder to select/change the parameter.

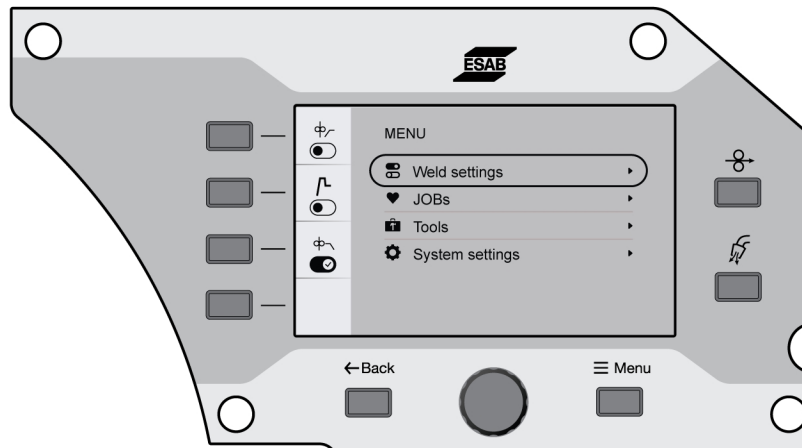
Gas purge button (5)

Gas purging is used while measuring the gas flow or for flushing any air or moisture from the gas hoses before welding starts. Gas purging occurs for 20 seconds when the gas purge button or torch trigger is pressed or until it is pressed again. Gas purge occurs without voltage or wire feed start.

Wire inch button (6)

Wire inching is used to feed wire without welding voltage being applied. The wire is fed as long as the button is pressed.

6.2.2 Menu selection



6.3 Weld settings

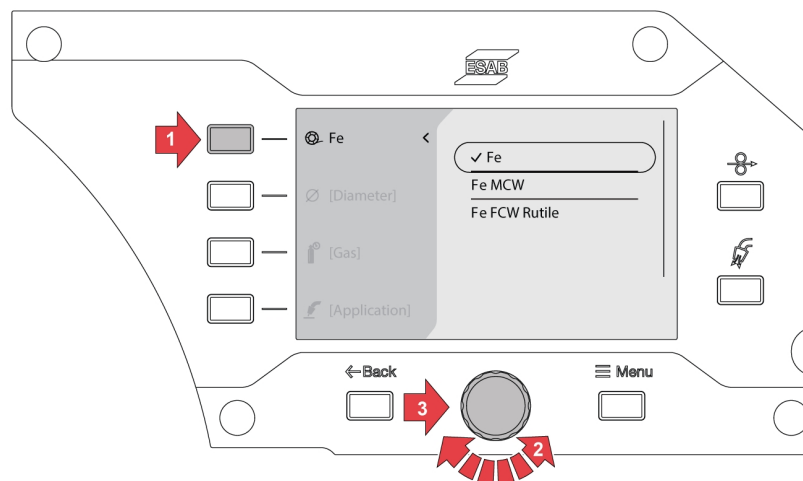
In the Weld setting menu, preview the parameters for the selected welding application. See section "WELDING," for setting range and functional explanation.

6.4 JOBS

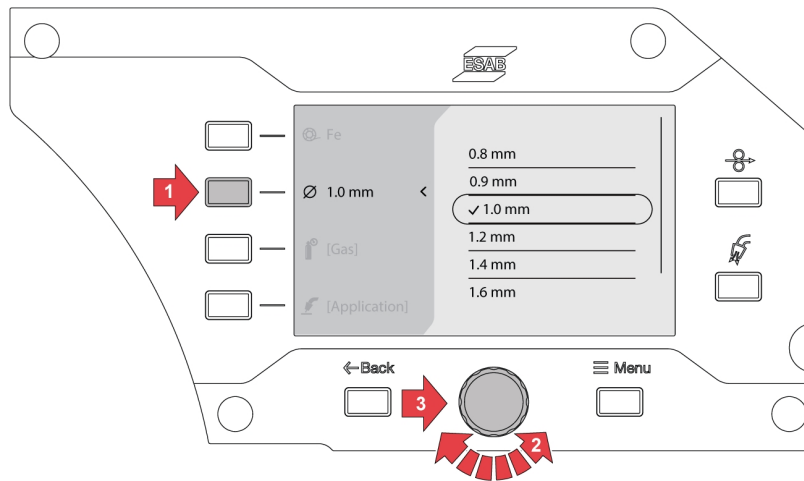
In the JOBS menu, the weld setting parameter can be stored and activated for quick access. Up to 20 jobs are displayed in the jobs list, in which the first three jobs can also be activated by the JOBS button (1, 2 and 3) in the external control panel.

6.4.1 Setting up a new JOB in the internal control panel

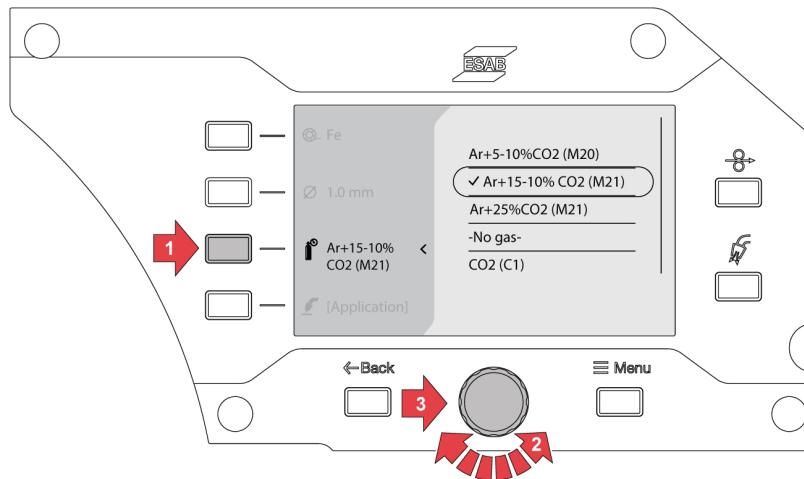
- 1) Press the material button and select the desired material parameters by turning the push encoder knob.



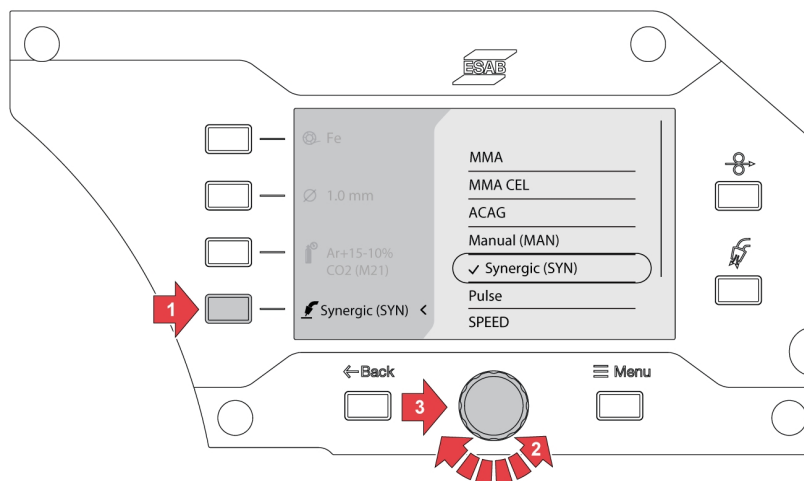
- 2) Press the wire diameter button and select the desired wire diameter by turning the push encoder knob.



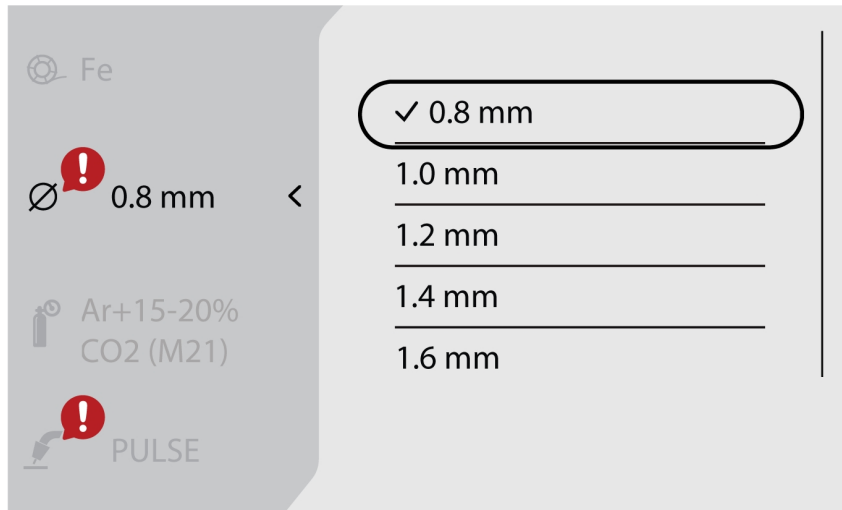
- 3) Press the gas button and select the desired gas by turning the push encoder knob.



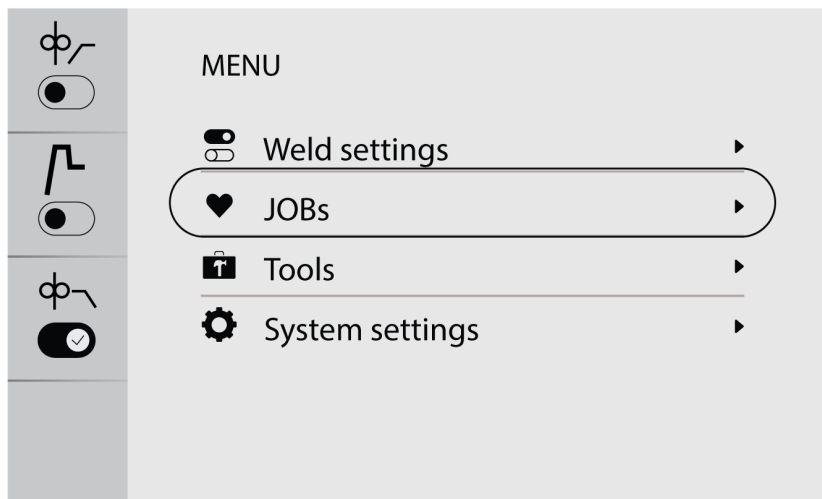
- 4) Press the weld mode selection button and select the desired application by turning the push encoder knob.



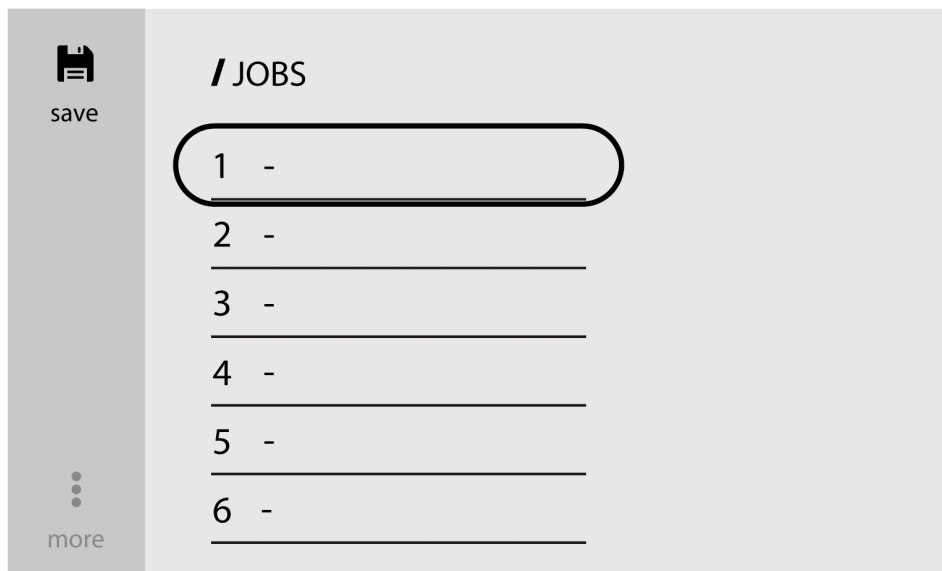
- 5) If the material, dimension or gas option is changed after welding mode selection, synergic line error for the current welding selection may pop up.



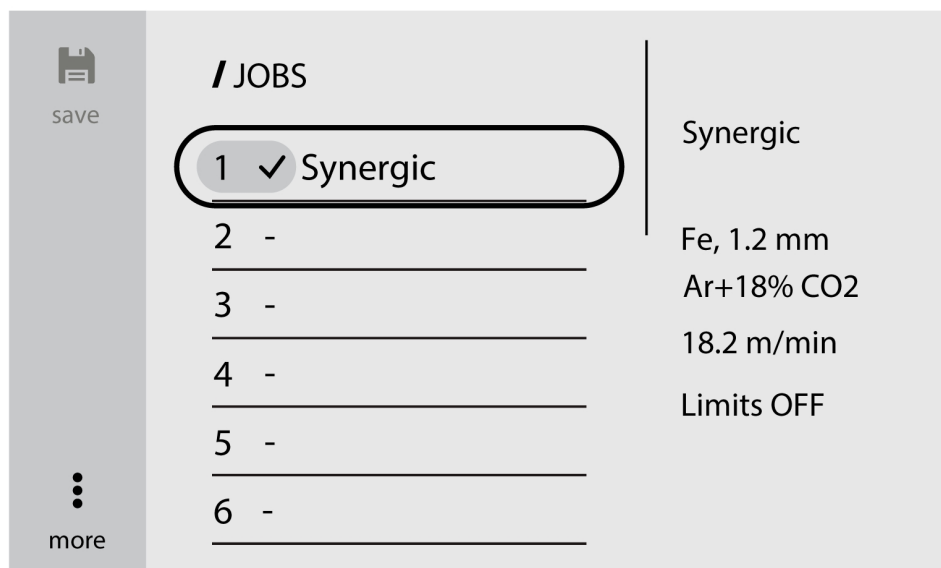
- 6) Navigate to the *Menu* button and select *JOBs*.



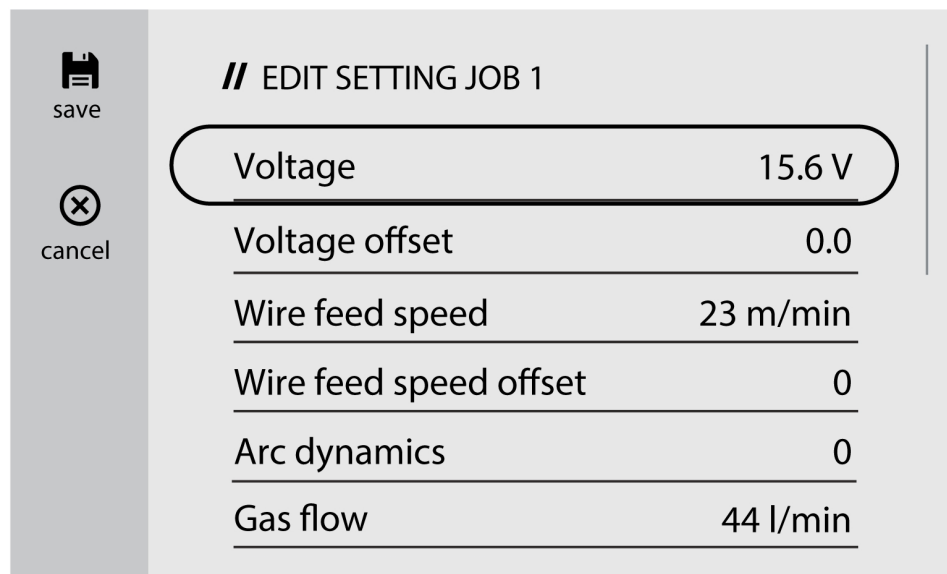
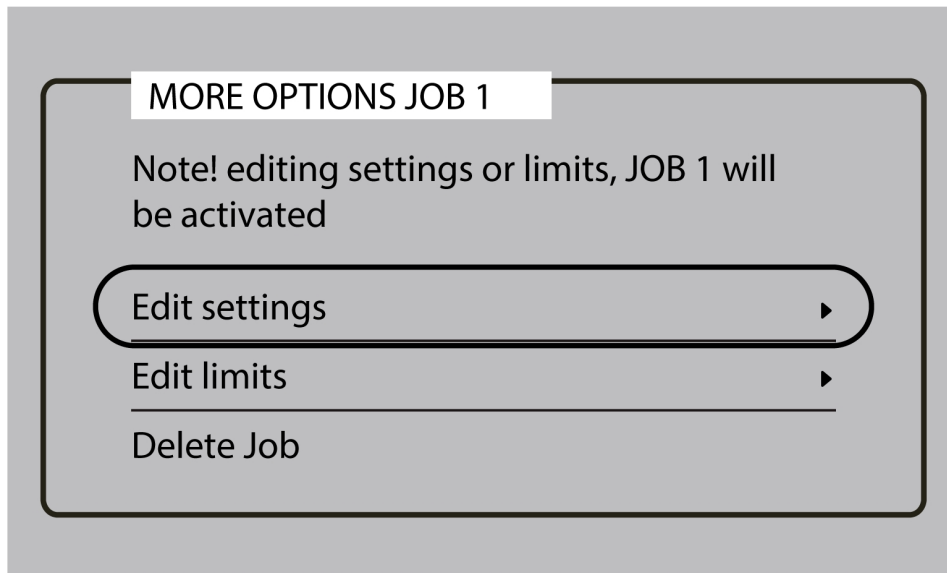
- 7) Select the desired job position and press the save button on the top left to save and activate. The selected application will appear on the screen.



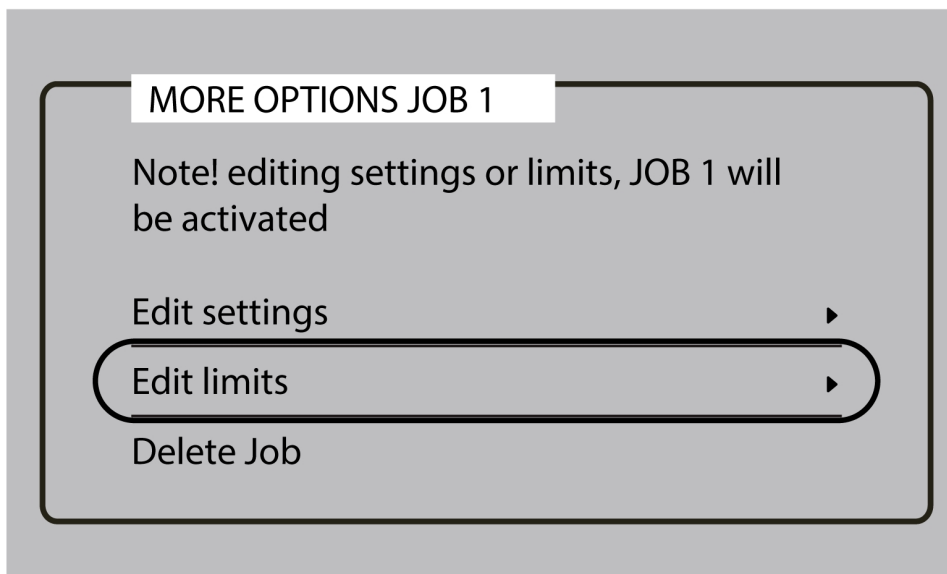
- 8) To edit the jobs, select the pre-saved job and navigate to *more* (on the bottom left).

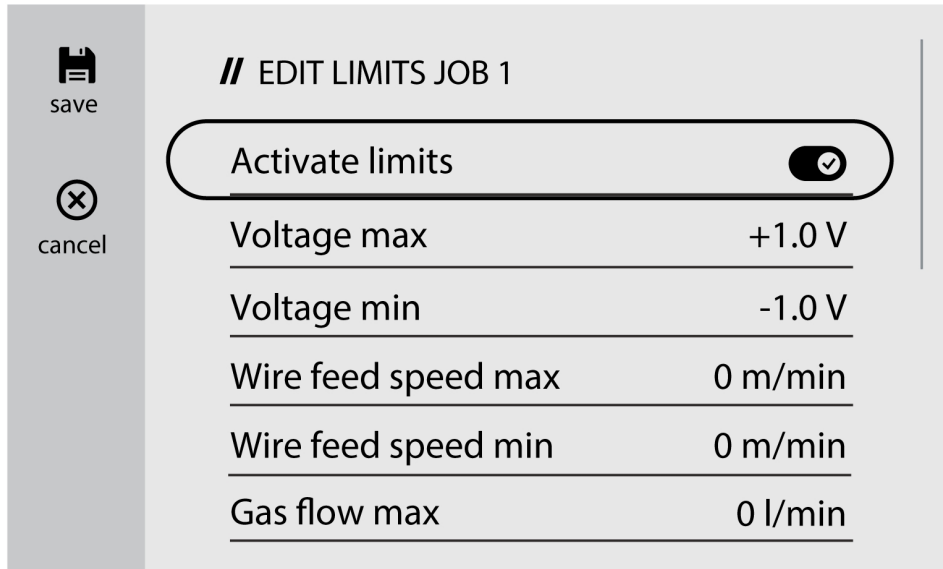


9) Select the *Edit settings* to edit the job parameters.



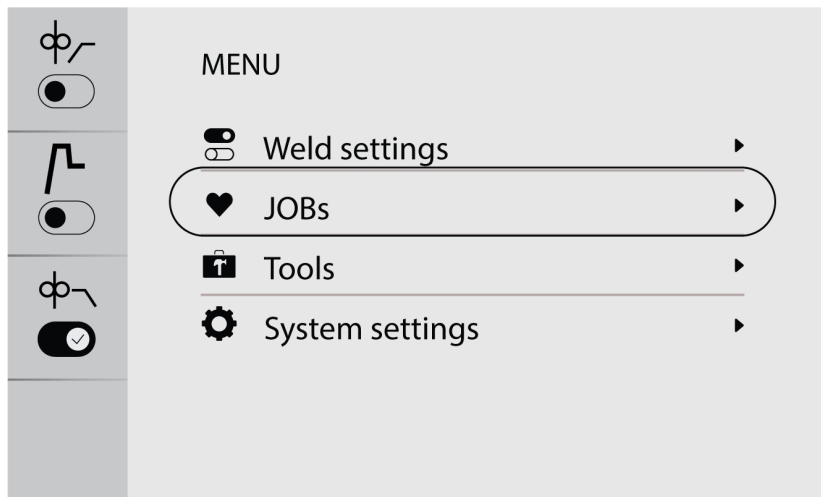
10) Navigate to *Edit limits* and enable the *Activate limits* option to vary the limits.



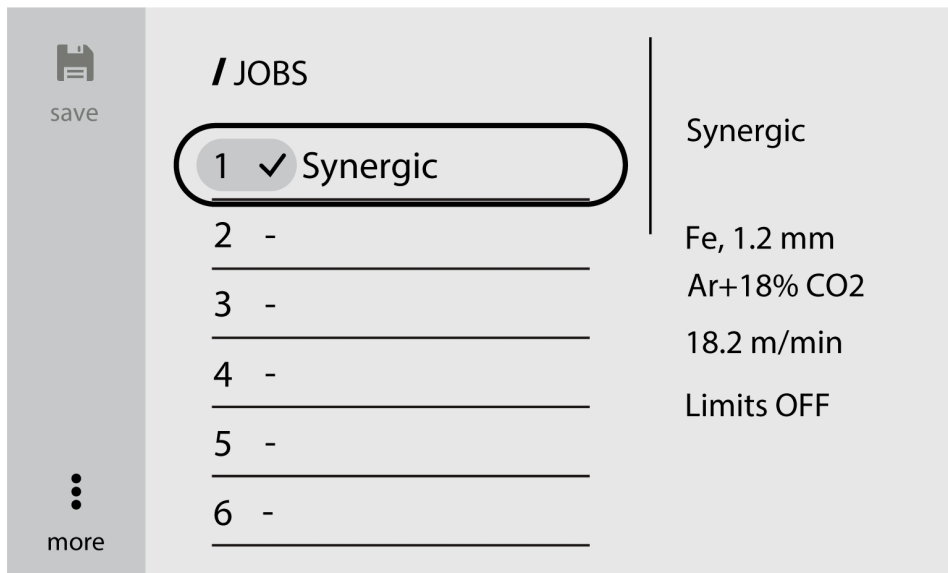


6.4.2 Copy a JOB

- 1) Navigate to the *Menu* button and select *JOBs*



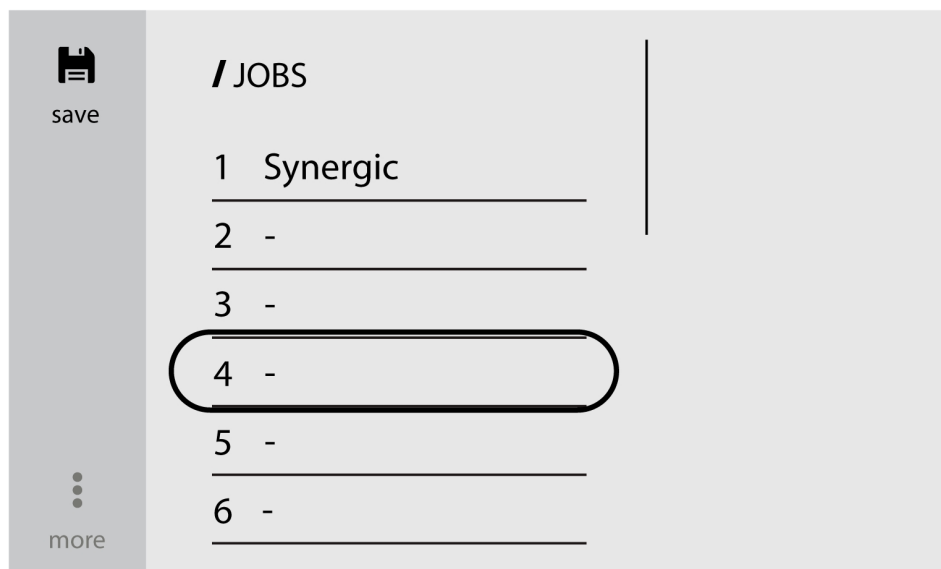
2) To copy or duplicate a job, navigate to the desired job to activate it on the screen.

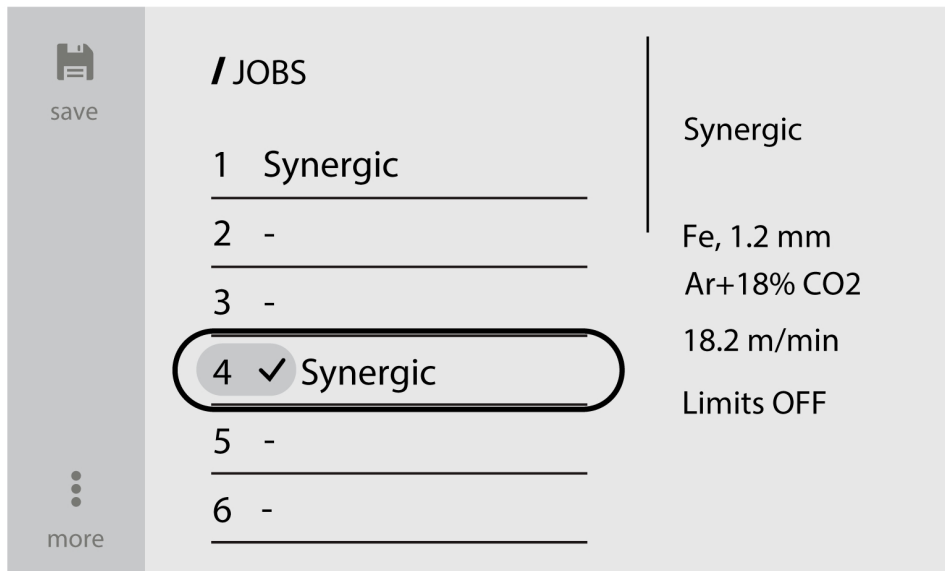


3) Select the desired job number and press the save button on the top left to copy or duplicate.

**NOTE!**

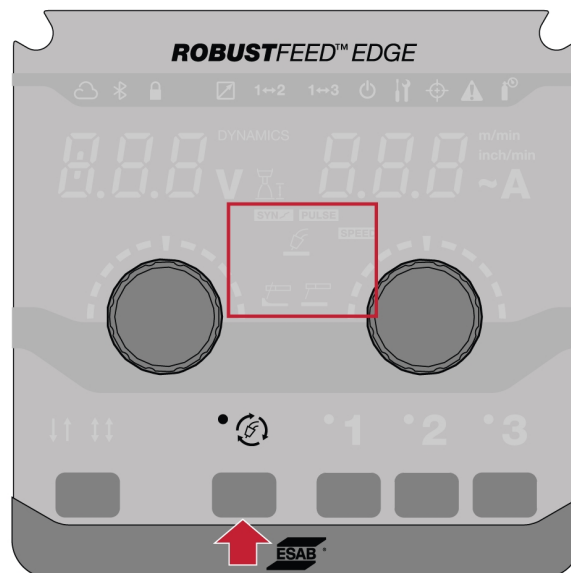
While saving a job, if the existing job number with presaved data is selected, it will overwrite the new weld parameters.



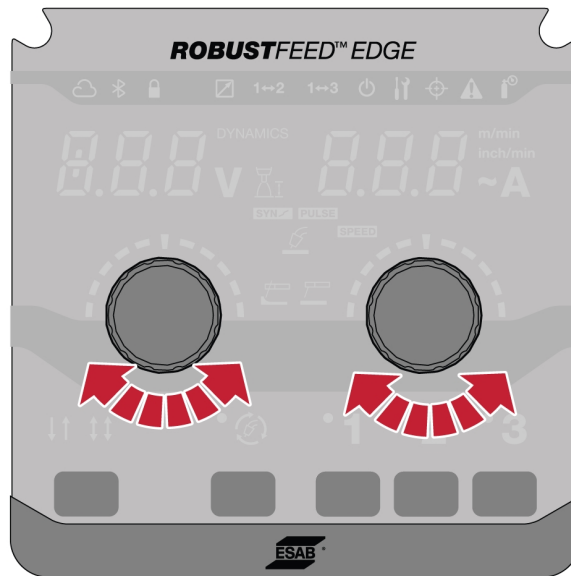


6.4.3 Setting up a new job in the external control panel

- 1) Select the desired welding application.

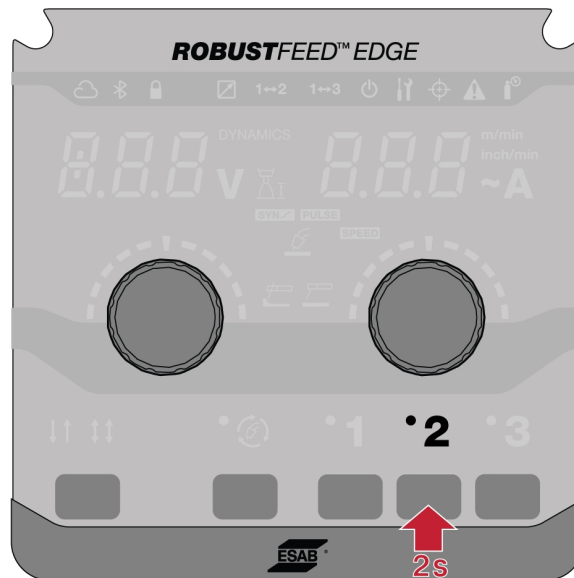


2) Set the weld parameters based on the weld application selected.



3) Press the desired job numbers (1, 2 or 3) in the panel for 2 seconds.

i NOTE! While saving a job, if the existing job number with pre-saved data is selected. It will overwrite the new weld parameters.



6.5 Tools

6.5.1 Error logs

The error log shows history and active errors. Press the push button for the corresponding error to view the incident description and time.

6.5.2 USB import and export

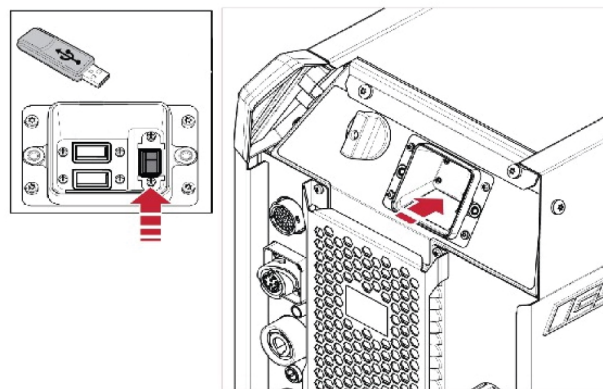
The import/export can be done in two ways; using tool settings or direct connect to the USB.

Using tools settings

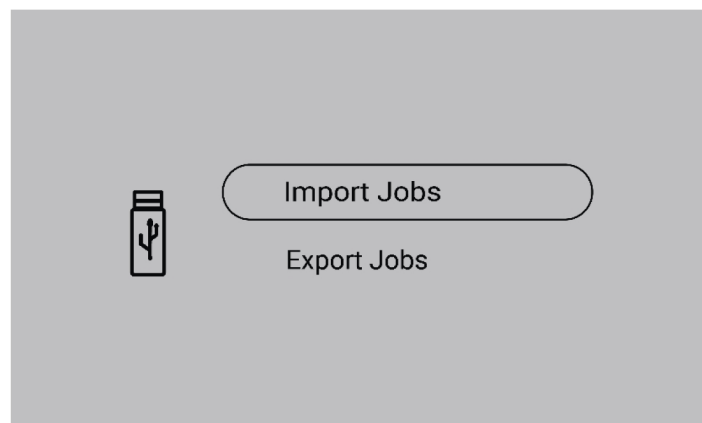
- 1) Go to *Tools* and select *USB import and export*.



- 2) Insert a USB drive into the power source according to the prompt on the screen.

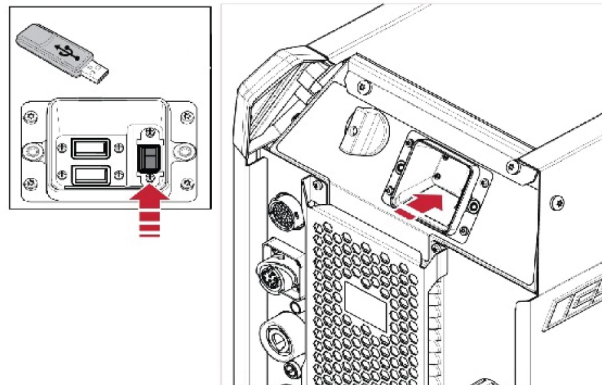


- 3) Select *Import Jobs* or *Export Jobs*.



Direct connect to the USB

- 1) Insert a USB drive into the power source.

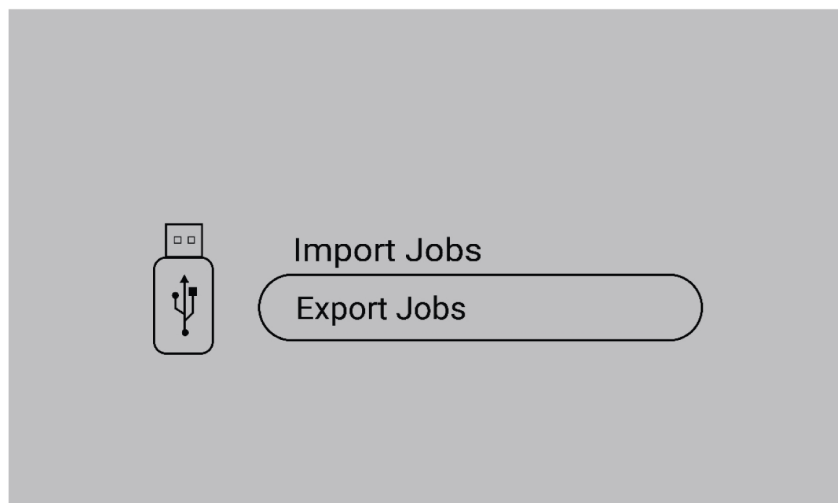


- 2) Select *Import Jobs* or *Export Jobs*.



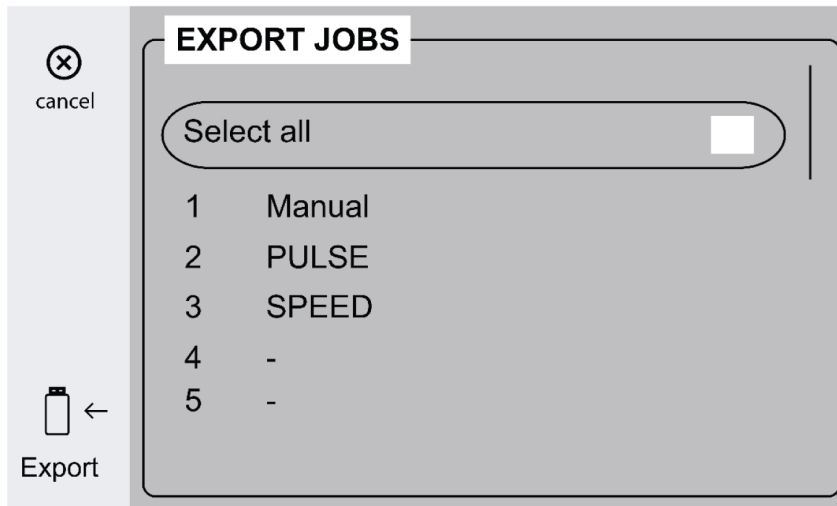
6.5.3 Export Jobs

- 1) Select *Export Jobs*.



- 2) Press *Select all*.

3) Press *Export* to export the Jobs to the USB drive.

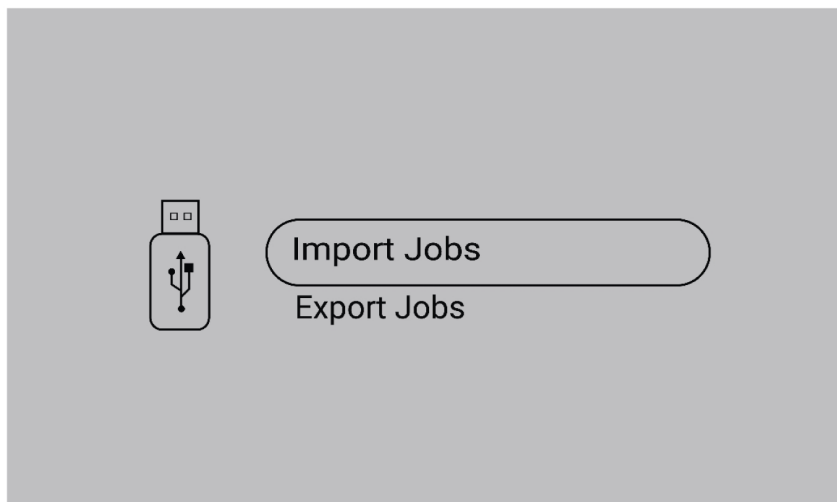


4) The following prompt is displayed once all jobs are exported.

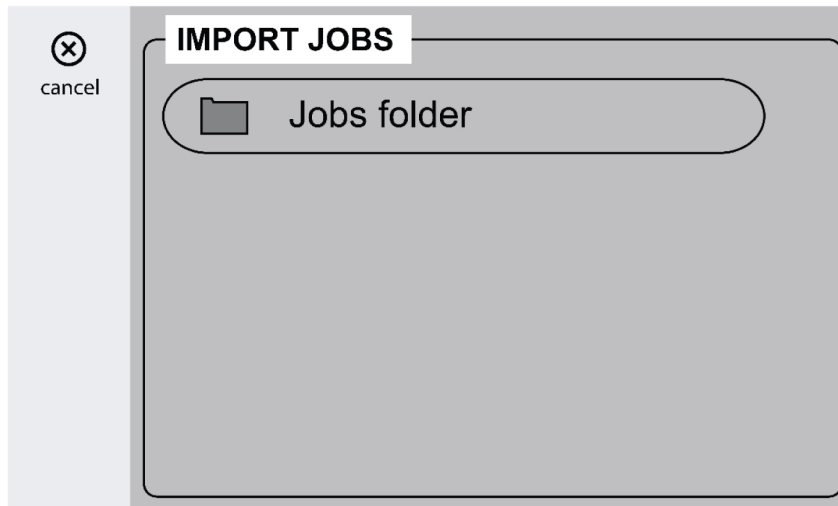


6.5.4 Import Jobs

1) Select *Import Jobs*.



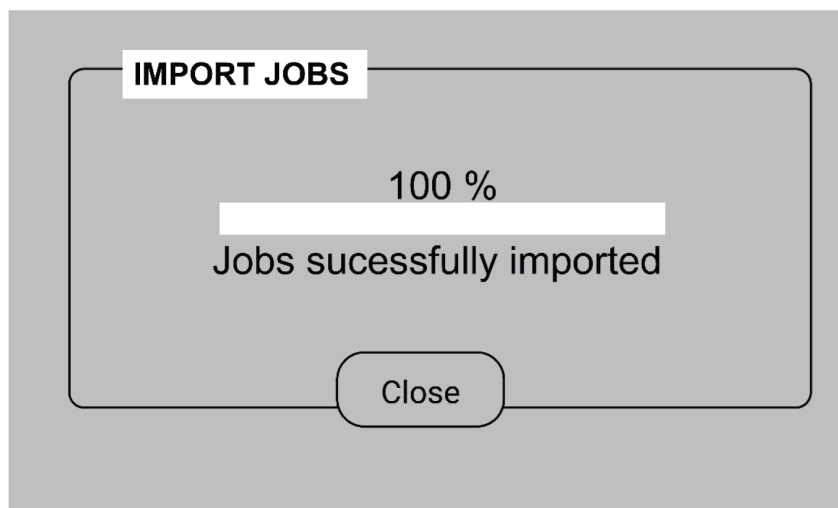
2) Select the Jobs folder which contains the jobs.



3) Select *Confirm* to overwrite the existing Jobs.

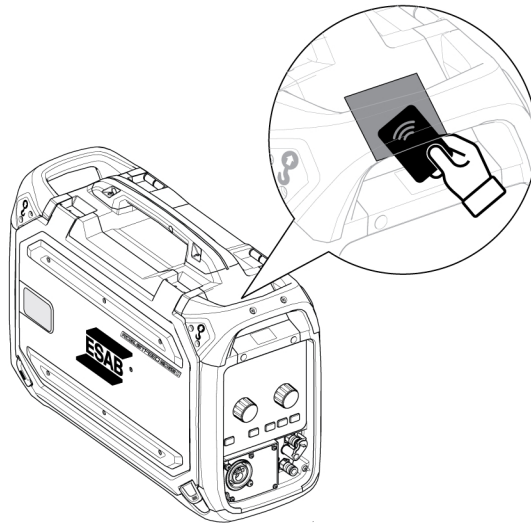


4) The following prompt is displayed once all Jobs are imported.



6.5.5 Operator management

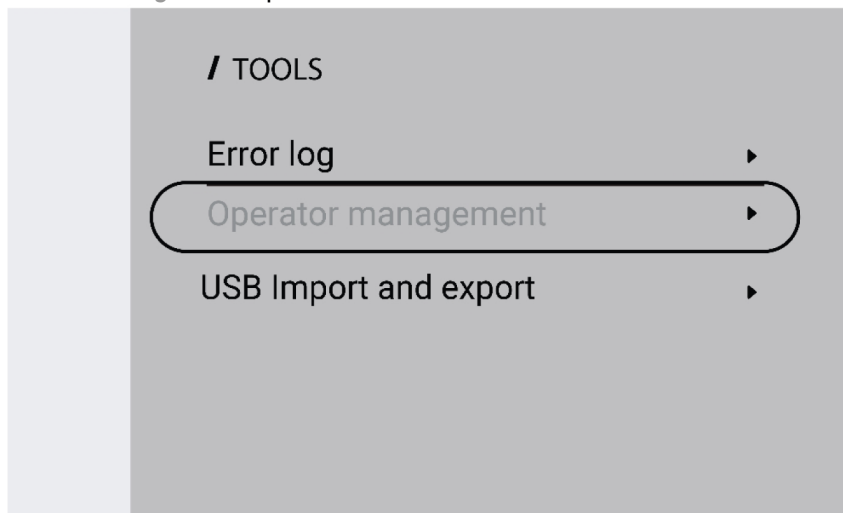
Activate Operator Management to restrict unauthorized usage of the system. Use the access cards to identify different users.



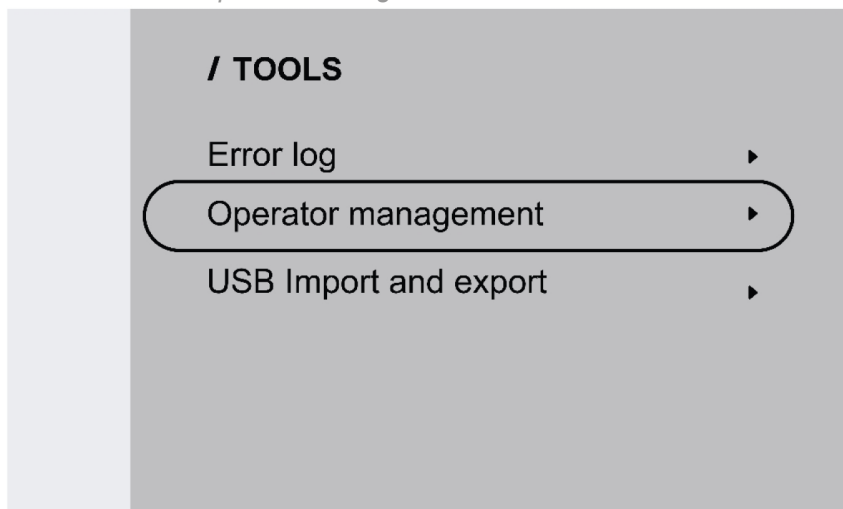
Admin card

The admin card enables logging in as an administrator and activating operator management.

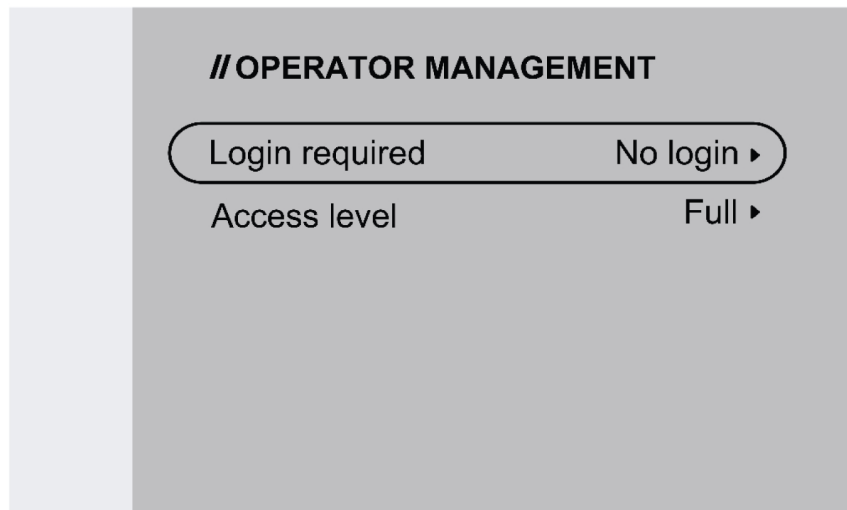
1. By default, *Operator management* option is disabled.



2. Use the admin card to enable *Operator management*.

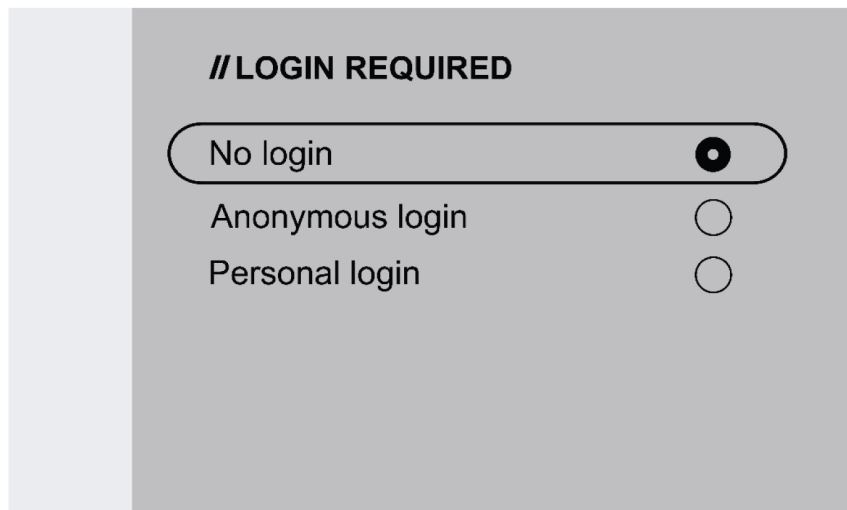


3. Administrator can set *Login required* and *Access level* in operator management.

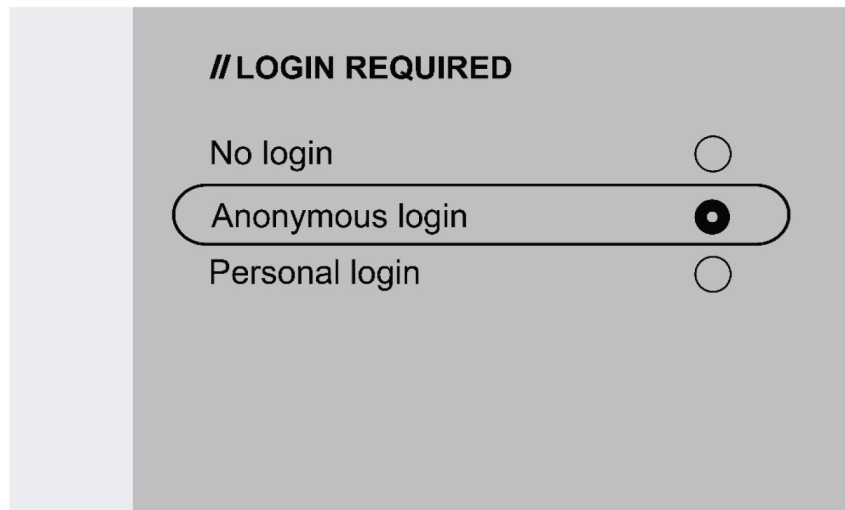


Login required

1. No login: no card is required to lock/unlock the system.



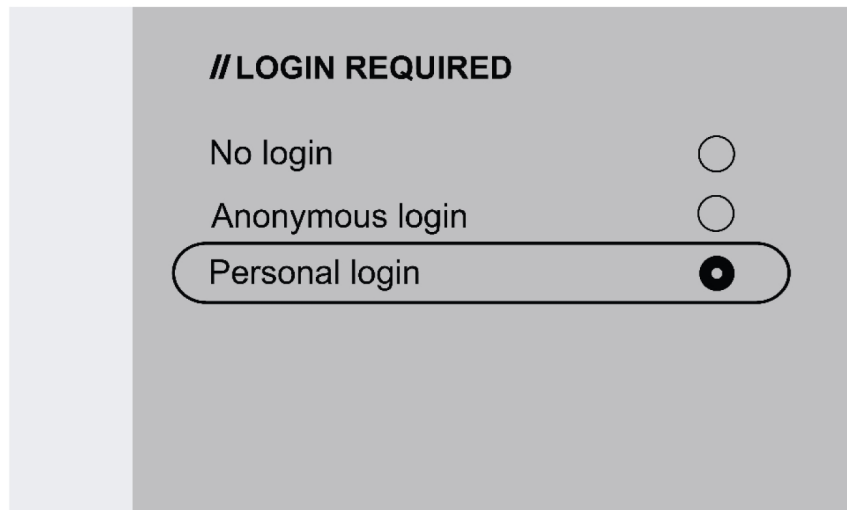
2. Anonymous login: A user card is needed to lock/unlock the system.



NOTE!

The user card can access both anonymous login and personal login.

3. Personal login: The user card is needed to lock/unlock the system.

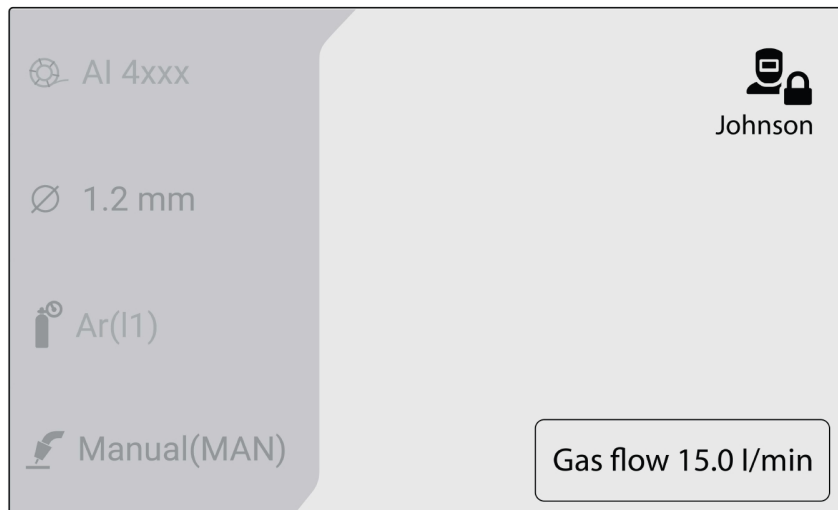


For personal login, the user card must be configured in WeldCloud Fleet with the unique serial number printed on the user card.



4. Refer to the step-by-step procedure on the configuration process in the InduSite Helpdesk: manual.indusuite.com/edge-personal-login. Additionally, utilize InduSuite's online chat support (Chat with us) for further information.

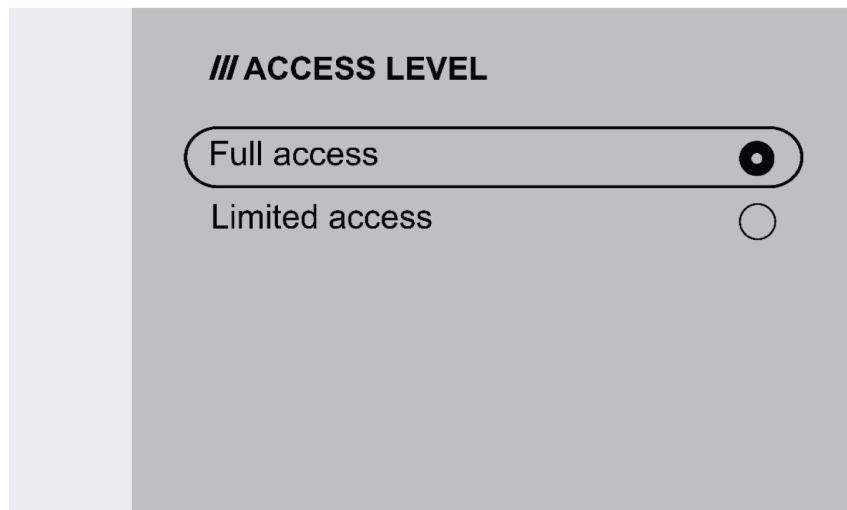
5. When using the user card in Personal login, the username is displayed.



Access level

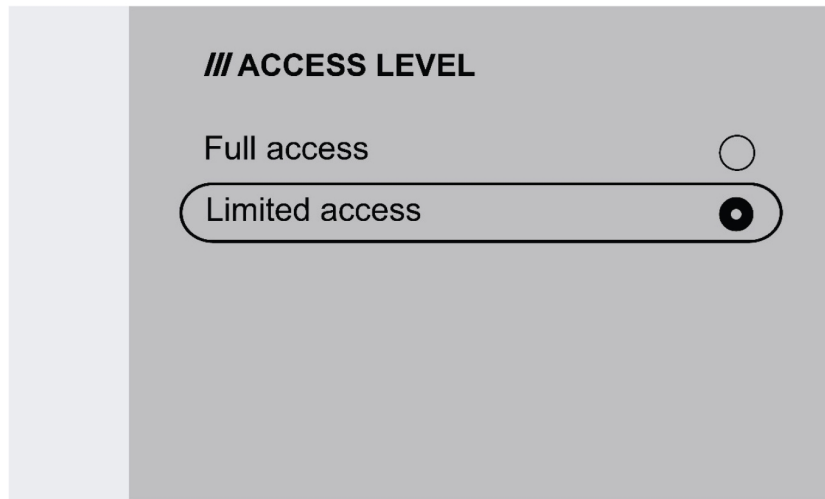
Access levels are set by the administrator.





1. Full access - The user can access all system functions except Operator management.



2. Limited access - The user can access only the below functions:

- Quick JOBS (1-3)
- 2/4 stroke
- Wire inching
- Gas purging
- Active error acknowledgment
- Cable length compensation when prompted - TRUEARC compensate
- Trigger shift (if activated by the administrator)



Symbols	Description
	The icon appears in the inner HMI when the administrator is logged in.
	The icon appears in the inner HMI when the user is logged in with full access.
	The icon appears in the inner HMI when the user is logged in with limited access.
	The icon appears in the inner HMI when the system is locked.

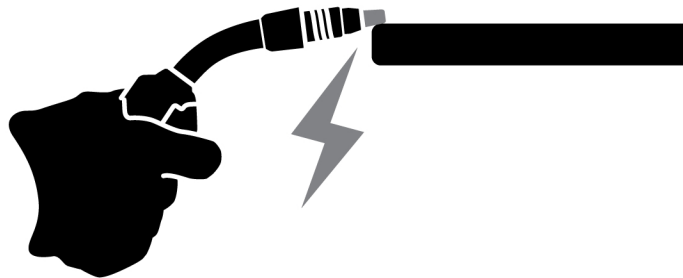
6.6 System settings

6.6.1 TRUEARC compensate

The system recognizes the deviation from the welding circuit if the cables are changed and this can affect the welding performance. It is recommended to do the TRUEARC compensation if any change in the torch, interconnection cable, and return cable.

TRUEARC compensation should be performed with the full system. Follow the below steps to perform the compensation in the internal control panel.

1. Remove the gas nozzle and cut the wire.
2. Press the side of the contact tip against a clean spot on the workpiece.
3. Press the trigger / respective function button in the panel.



6.6.2 Front panel functionality

This function enables access to the dynamics parameter for the push encoder knob (4) and the estimated amperage for the push encoder knob (9) in the external control panel. Press the push button to switch between voltage and dynamics.

The default setting of this function is deactivated to simplify the front panel operations.

6.6.3 Trigger JOB shift

This function enables the user to change between different jobs when the trigger of the welding torch is pressed. To change without welding, press the trigger quickly. If the trigger is held pressed for longer, the welding starts.

Changing job during welding with 2-stroke

During ongoing welding, the welding torch trigger is pressed. To change a job, release the trigger and press it quickly.

Changing welding data during welding with 4-stroke

During ongoing welding with 4-stroke, the welding torch trigger is released. To change a job, press the trigger and release it quickly.

6.6.4 Torch remote configuration

The ESAB CX torch remote can be configured by any one of the following functions:

1. JOBs
2. Voltage/Arc length
3. Wire feed speed
4. 2/4-stroke

The configuration can be done even if there is no torch remote connected to the system. If the torch remote is connected, configured modification can have a direct impact.

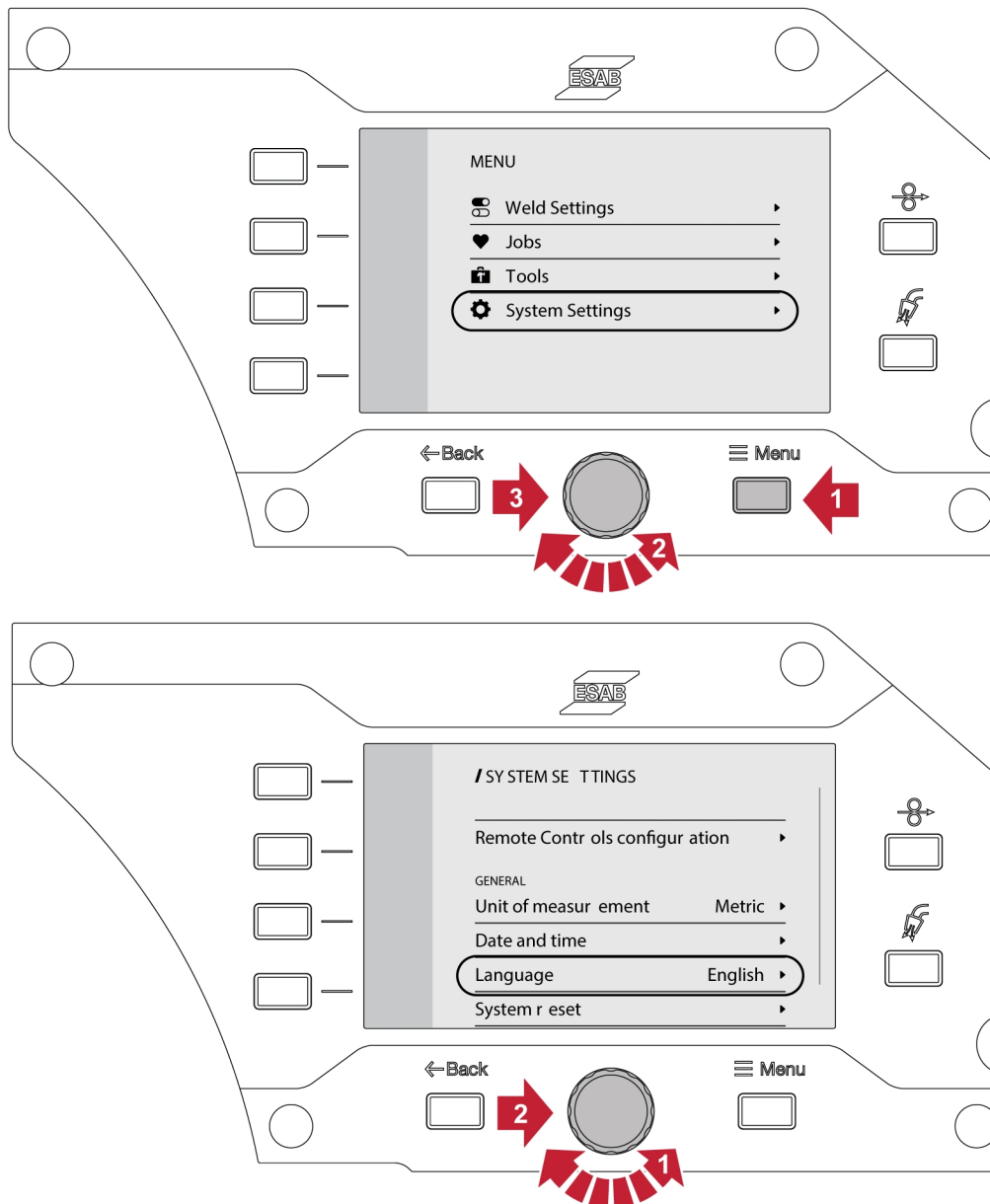
6.6.5 Hot start mode in 4-stroke

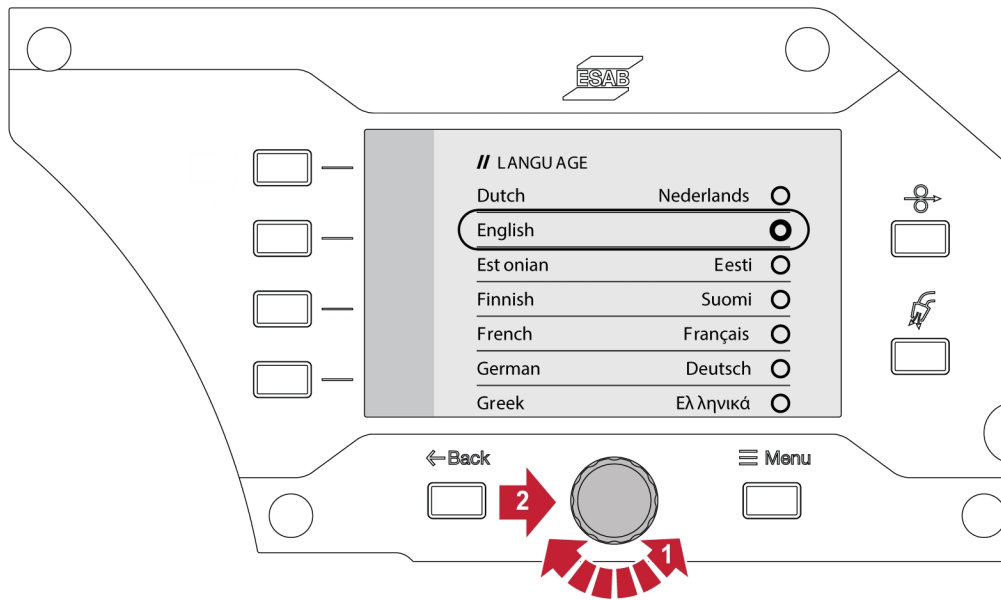
This function allows you to control the hot start in a timed or trigger-controlled manner.

- Time controlled - The hot start is performed for the defined time. The time is set in *Menu » Weld settings » Hot start*.
- Trigger controlled - The hot start process continues until the trigger is released.

6.6.6 Languages

This function enables the user to choose the language of the display. To choose the desired language, navigate to *Menu » System settings » Languages*





6.6.7 Unit of measurement

This function enables the user to switch the units between metric and imperial.

6.6.8 Date and time

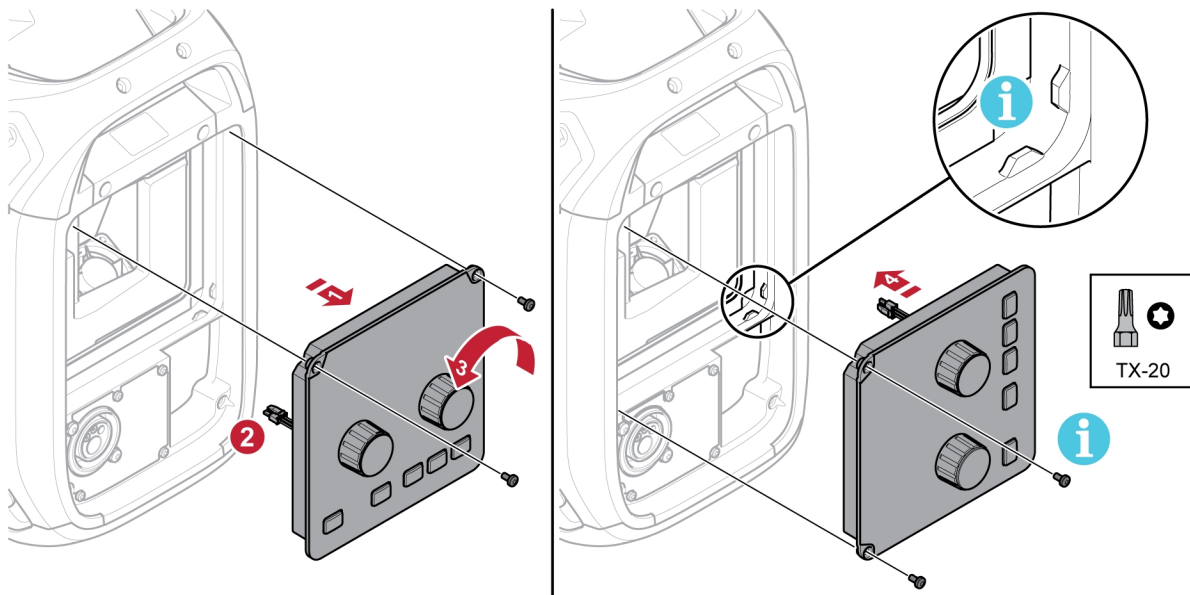
This function enables the user to view/set the date and time.

6.6.9 About

This function enables the user to view the software versions of the connected subsystem.

6.7 Rotating the control panel

To use the wire feeder in the horizontal position, the external control panel may be rotated 90°.



1) Remove the two screws for the control panel and remove the panel.

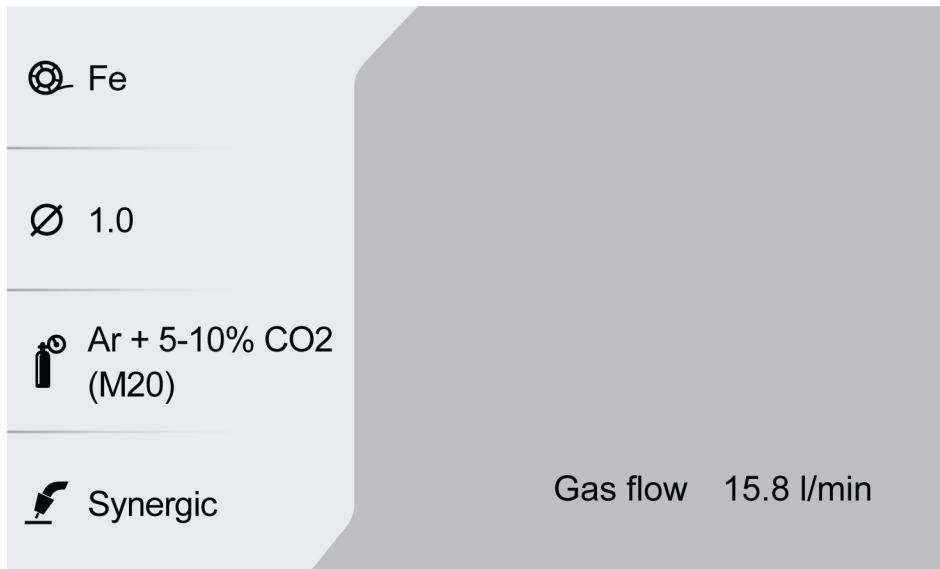
6 CONTROL PANEL

- 2) Disconnect the panel harness.
- 3) Rotate the control panel 90° counter-clockwise.
- 4) Attach the control panel, ensuring that the small tabs are in the correct position.
- 5) Fasten the screws.

7 WELDING

7.1 GMAW welding

GMAW welding melts a continuously supplied filler wire, with the weld pool protected by shielding gas.



7.1.1 Setting range for Manual and Synergic

The table below shows the setting range for the manual and synergy application:

Parameter	Setting step	Unit	Range	Default
Voltage	0.1	V	8.0–44.0	8.0 V
Voltage offset (syn)	0.1		-9.9 – +9.9	0.0
Wire feed speed	0.1	m/min	0.8–25.0 ¹⁾	0.8 m/min ¹⁾
	1	in./min	32–984 ¹⁾	32 in./min ¹⁾
Estimated Amperage (syn)	1	A	Dependent on WFS value	
Gas flow	0.5	l/min	5.0–35.0	15 l/min
	1	CFH	11–74	32 CFH
Arc dynamics	1		-9–+9	0 (50%) for manual
Hot start			ON/OFF	OFF
Hot start time	0.1	s	0.0–10	1.2 s
Hot start V	0.1	V	Vmin-Vmax	14.5 V / 0.0 V offset
Hot start wire feed speed	1	%	50–150	115%
Gas pre-flow	0.1	s	0.0–25.0	0.1 s
Gas post-flow	0.1	s	0.0–25.0	1.5 s
Creep start			ON/OFF	ARC ON
Crater fill			ON/OFF	OFF
Crater fill time	0.1	s	0.0–10.0	2.5 s

Parameter	Setting step	Unit	Range	Default
Crater fill V	0.1	V	8.0–44.0	14.5 V / 0.0 V offset
Crater fill wire feed speed %	1	%	0–100	25%
End method			SCT/Burnback	SCT (Burnback for core wires)
Burnback time	0.01	s	0.00–0.50	0.06 s
Burnback pinch-off pulse %	1	%	1–200	60%
Job limits			ON/OFF	OFF

¹⁾ Depends on the selected synergic line.

7.1.2 Setting range for PULSE

The table below shows the setting range for pulse application:

Parameter	Setting step	Unit	Range	Default
Arc length offset	0.1		-9.9 – +9.9	0.0
Wire feed speed	0.1	m/min	0.8–25.0 ¹⁾	0.8 m/min ¹⁾
	4	in./min	32–984 ¹⁾	32 in./min ¹⁾
Estimated Amperage	1	A	Dependent on WFS value	
Gas flow	0.5	l/min	5.0–35.0	15 l/min
	1	CFH	11–74	32 CFH
Hot start			ON/OFF	OFF
Hot start time	0.1	s	0.0–10	1.2 s
Hot start arc length offset	0.1	V	-9.9 – +9.9	0.0 V offset
Hot start wire feed speed %	1	%	50–150	115%
Gas pre-flow	0.1	s	0.0–25.0	0.1 s
Gas post-flow	0.1	s	0.0–25.0	1.5 s
Creep start			ON/OFF	ARC ON
Crater fill			ON/OFF	OFF
Crater fill time	0.1	s	0.0–10.0	2.5 s
Crater fill wire feed speed %	1	%	0–100	25%
Crater fill arc length offset	0.1	V	-9.9 – +9.9	0.0 V offset
End method			SCT/Burnback	SCT (Burnback for core wires)
Burnback time	0.01	s	0.00–0.50	0.08 s
Job limits			ON/OFF	OFF

¹⁾ Depends on the selected synergic line.

7.1.3 Setting range for SPEED

Parameter	Setting step	Unit	Range	Default
Voltage	0.1	V	8.0–44.0	8.0 V
Voltage offset	0.1		-9.9 – +9.9	0.0 offset
Wire feed speed	0.1	m/min	0.8–25.0 ¹⁾	0.8 m/min ¹⁾
	4	in./min	32–984 ¹⁾	32 in./min ¹⁾
Estimated Amperage	1	A	Dependent on WFS value	
Gas flow	0.5	l/min	5.0–35.0	15 l/min
	1	CFH	11–74	32 CFH
Arc dynamics	1		-9 – +9	0
Hot start			ON/OFF	OFF
Hot start time	0.1	s	0.0–10	1.2 s
Hot start V	0.1	V	-9.9 – +9.9	0.0 V offset
Hot start wire feed speed	1	%	50–150	115%
Gas pre-flow	0.1	s	0.0–25.0	0.1 s
Gas post-flow	0.1	s	0.0–25.0	1.5 s
Creep start			ON/OFF	ARC ON
Crater fill			ON/OFF	OFF
Crater fill time	0.1	s	0.0–10.0	2.5 s
Crater fill V	0.1	V	-9.9 – +9.9	0.0 V offset
Crater fill wire feed speed %	1	%	0–100	25%
End method			SCT/Burnback	SCT (Burnback for core wires)
Burnback time	0.01	s	0.00–0.50	0.06 s
Burnback pinch-off pulse %	1	%	1–200	60%
Job limits			ON/OFF	OFF

¹⁾ Depends on the selected synergic line.

7.1.4 Setting range for ROOT – pipe and THIN

Parameter	Setting step	Unit	Range	Default
Arc length	0.1		-9.9 – +9.9	0 V
Wire feed speed	0.1	m/min	0.8–25.0 ¹⁾	0.8 m/min ¹⁾
	1	in./min	32–984 ¹⁾	32 in./min ¹⁾
Estimated Amperage	1	A	Dependent on WFS value	
Gas flow	0.5	l/min	5.0–35.0	15 l/min
	1	CFH	11–74	32 CFH
Arc dynamics	1		-9 – +9	0
Hot start			ON/OFF	OFF
Hot start time	0.1	s	0.0–10	1.2 s

Parameter	Setting step	Unit	Range	Default
Hot start V	0.1	V	-9.9 – +9.9	0.0 V offset
Hot start wire feed speed	1	%	50–150	115%
Gas pre-flow	0.1	s	0.0–25.0	0.1 s
Gas post-flow	0.1	s	0.0–25.0	1.5 s
Creep start			ON/OFF	ARC ON
Crater fill			ON/OFF	OFF
Crater fill time	0.1	s	0.0–10.0	2.5 s
Crater fill V	0.1	V	-9.9 – +9.9	0.0 V offset
Crater fill wire feed speed %	1	%	0–100	25%
Crater fill arc length offset	0.1		-9.9 – +9.9	0.0 V offset
End method			SCT/Burnback	SCT (Burnback for core wires)
Burnback time	0.01	s	0.00–0.50	0.06 s
Burnback pinch-off pulse %	1	%	1–200	60%
Job limits			ON/OFF	OFF

¹⁾ Depends on the selected synergic line.

7.1.5 Function explanations for settings

Voltage

Higher voltage increases the arc length and produces a hotter, wider weld pool.

The voltage setting differs between synergy and non-synergy modes. In synergy mode, the voltage is set as a positive or negative offset from the synergic line of the voltage. In non-synergy mode, the voltage is set as an absolute value.

Wire feed speed

This sets the required feed speed of the filler wire in m/minute or inch/minute.

Arc dynamics

Supplementary function for correction of dynamic arc behavior. The influence of dynamics depends on the selected welding method and application mode used.

Estimated amperage

This is an estimated value of current to be delivered during welding. The condition of the distance from the contact tip to the workpiece will affect the correspondence between the estimated value and the actual measured amperage value during welding.

Arc length

This parameter provides the possibility of arc length adjustment from a shorter arc using a negative offset to a longer arc using a positive offset setting.

Hot start

Hot start increases the wire feed speed and the voltage for an adjustable time at the start of the welding process. The main purpose of this is to provide more energy when starting welding, which reduces the risk of poor fusion at the beginning of the welding.

The hot start wire feed speed can be set as a percentage (50–150%) of the set wire feed speed (for example, if the set wire feed speed is 10 m/min and the hot start wire feed speed is set to 50%, the output will be 5 m/min). The voltage parameter is voltage for GMAW manual, voltage offset for Synergy, and arc length offset for Pulse respectively.

Pre-flow

Pre-flow controls the time during which shielding gas flows before the arc is struck.

Creep start

Creep start feeds out the wire at a low wire feed speed until it makes electrical contact with the workpiece.

Crater fill

Crater filling makes controlled reduction in the heat and size of the weld pool possible when completing the weld. This makes it easier to avoid pores, thermal cracking and crater formation in the weld joint.

The crater fill wire feed speed can be set as a percentage (0–100%) of the set wire feed speed. The minimum wire feed speed percentage will change depending on the set wire feed speed. The voltage parameter is voltage for GMAW manual, voltage offset for Synergy, and arc length offset for Pulse respectively.

Post-flow

This controls the time during which the shielding gas flows after the arc is extinguished.

Termination method

SCT

SCT is a function that generates small, repeated short circuits at the end of welding until the wire feeding has totally stopped and contact with the workpiece has been broken.

SCT must not be used with cored wire.

Burnback

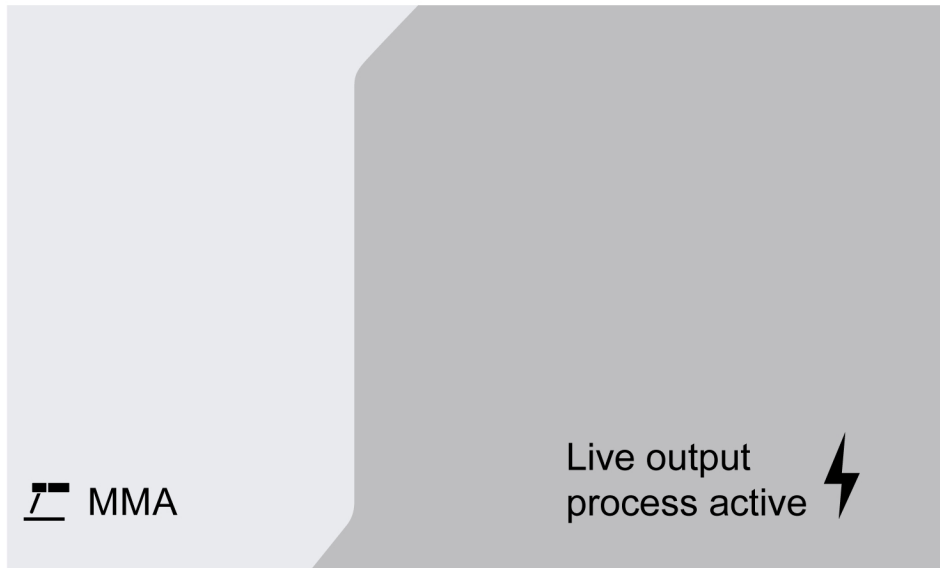
Burnback time is a delay between the time when the wire starts to brake until the time when the power source switches off the welding voltage.

Too short a burnback time results in a long wire stick out after completion of welding, with a risk of the wire being caught in the solidifying weld pool.

Too long a burnback time results in a shorter stick out, with increased risk of the arc striking back to the contact tip.

7.2 SMAW welding

SMAW welding may also be referred to as welding with coated electrodes. Striking the arc melts the electrode, and its coating forms protective slag. When the SMAW application is selected, there is a 5 s delay to protect from unintentional arc strike.



Setting range

The table below shows the setting range for the SMAW application.

Parameter	Setting step	Unit	Range	Default
Amperage	1	A	0 – 999	100
Dynamics (arc force)	1		-9 – +9	
Hot start			ON/OFF	ARC ON
Hot start A%	1	%	100 – 150	115%

7.2.1 Function explanations for settings

Current

A higher current produces a wider weld pool, with better penetration into the workpiece.

Arc force

The arc force is important in determining how the current changes in response to a change in the arc length. A lower value gives a calmer arc with less spatter.

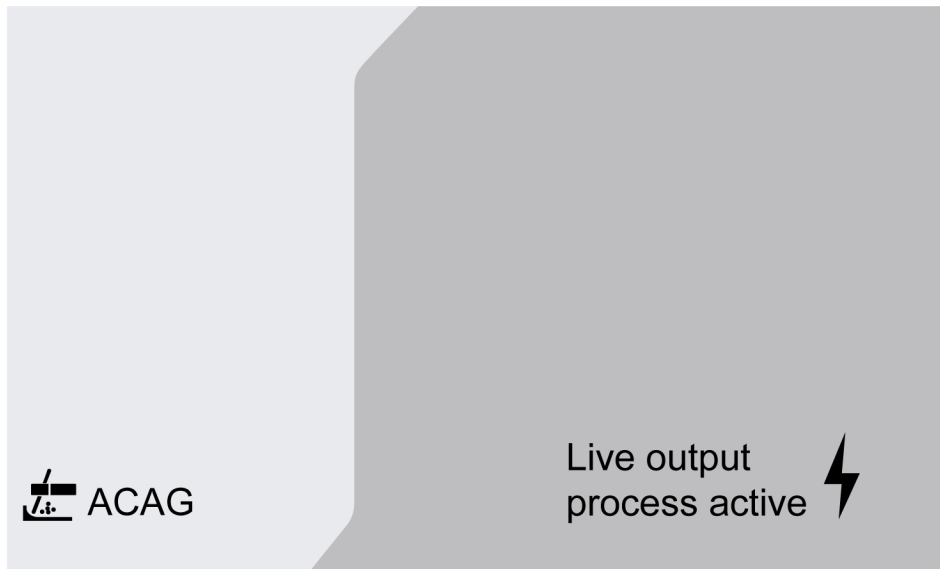
Hot start

Hot start increases the weld current for an adjustable time at the start of welding, thus reducing the risk of poor fusion at the beginning of the joint.

7.3 Gouging

For arc air gouging, a special electrode is used comprised of a carbon rod with a copper casing. An arc is formed between the carbon rod and the workpiece, which melts the material. Air is supplied so that the melted material is blown away.

When the Gouging application is selected, there is a 5 s delay to protect from unintentional arc strike.



Setting range

The table below shows the setting range for the gouging application.

Parameter	Setting step	Unit	Range	Default
Voltage	0.1	V	35.0 – 54.0	35.0

Recommended voltage setting for gouging electrodes

Electrode size	in	1/8	5/32	3/16	1/4	5/16	3/8
	mm	3.2	4.0	4.8	6.4	7.9	9.5
Voltage	V	35–38	36–40	38–42	40–46	44–50	46–54

7.3.1 Function explanations for settings

Voltage

A higher voltage produces a wider weld pool, with better penetration into the workpiece. The voltage is set in the Measure screen and Weld Data Setting or Fast Mode menus.

7.4 GTAW welding



GTAW welding melts the metal of the workpiece, with an arc initiated from a non-consuming tungsten electrode. The weld pool and electrode are protected by shielding gas.

For TIG welding, the feeder shall be supplemented with:

- a GTAW torch with gas valve
- Argon gas cylinder
- Argon gas regulator
- a tungsten electrode
- a control cable

The system performs **Live TIG start (TIG Live)**.

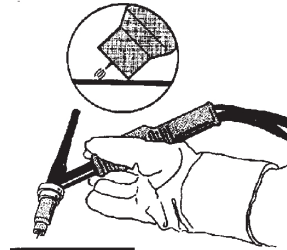
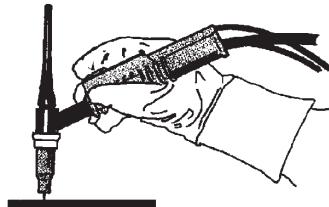
The tungsten electrode is placed against the workpiece. When lifted from workpiece, the arc is struck at a limited current level.



WARNING!

Disconnect all the cables in the interconnection from the power source except for the control cable.

The return cable should be connected to positive, and the weld cable should be connected to negative.



8 MAINTENANCE

**NOTE!**

Regular maintenance is important for safe and reliable operation.

**CAUTION!**

All warranty undertakings from the supplier cease to apply if the customer attempts any work to rectify any faults in the product during the warranty period.

8.1 Inspection, cleaning and replacement

Wire feed mechanism

Regularly check that the wire feed unit is not clogged with dirt.

- Cleaning and replacement of worn parts in the mechanism of the wire feed should take place at regular intervals in order to achieve trouble-free wire feeding. Note that if pretensioning is set too hard, this can result in abnormal wear on the pressure roller, feed roller, and wire guide.
- Cleaning of the liners and other mechanical parts of the wire feed mechanism should be carried out at regular intervals or if the wire feed seems slow. Use compressed air for this task.
- Changing nozzles
- Checking the driving wheel
- Changing the cog-wheel package

Bobbin holder

- Inspect at regular intervals that the brake hub sleeve and the brake hub nut are not worn out and that they lock properly. Replace if necessary.

Welding torch

- The wear parts of the welding torch should be cleaned and replaced at regular intervals in order to achieve trouble-free wire feed. Regularly blow the wire guide clean and clean the contact tip.

9 EVENT CODES

Event codes are used in order to indicate and identify an error in the equipment. Event codes provide information about the equipment.

Fault log

All faults that occur when using the welding equipment are documented as error messages in the fault log. When the fault log is full, the oldest message will automatically be erased when the next fault occurs.

The most recent fault message is displayed on the control panel. The entire fault log as well as corrective action can be read on the internal control panel.

List of event codes

The control panel displays an event code with three digits and the first digit indicates the type of event. The type of event (first digit of the event code) are as follows:

0 = System	1 = Communication	2 = Power source
3 = Wire feed unit	4 = Cooling unit	6 = Gas unit
7 = External		



NOTE!

The last two digits indicate the event description at which the user can take corrective action. If the error code persists or any other code is shown, contact a service technician.



The example presented in the graphic to the left indicates a Supply voltage fault in the power source.

x01 Application fault

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 001 - Application checksum error.
1. Acknowledge by pressing any buttons on the control panel.
 2. Restart the system.

x05 Supply voltage fault

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 205 - Mains over/under voltage or phase error.
1. Make sure that the supply voltage is stable.
 2. Restart the system.

x06 Temperature fault

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 406 - Return coolant temperature warning/error.
- 206 - Overtemperature.
- 306 - High wire motor temperature warning/error.

For 406 and 206

1. Make sure that the cooling air inlets or outlets are not blocked or clogged by dirt.
2. Check that the duty cycle is used to avoid overloading the equipment.
3. Wait until the temperature cools down.

For 306

1. Check the liner, clean using pressurized air and replace the liner if damaged or worn out.
2. Check the wire pressure setting and adjust if needed.
3. Check the drive rolls for wear and replace if needed.
4. Make sure the filler metal spool can rotate without much resistance. Adjust the brake hub if needed.
5. Restart the system.
6. If the error persists despite performing these actions, try replacing the torch.

x08 Battery warning

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 208 - RTC/SRAM battery low warning.
1. Make sure that the polarity (+, - terminals) of the battery is right.
 2. Contact an authorized service technician to replace the battery.

x09 Internal voltage error

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 209 - Internal over/under voltage error.
1. Restart the system.
 2. Contact an authorized person to check the main inputs.

x11 Wire feed speed fault

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 311 - Wire saturation warning/error.
 - 311 - Wire motor start/work current error.
1. Check the correct liners/contact tip/torch used for types of welding wires.
 2. Check the torque tension in the break hub.

3. Make sure that the wire feed speed control is dust free and rotate.
4. Acknowledge by pressing any buttons on the control panel.
5. Contact service technician to check drive motor.

x14 Communication fault

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 114 - Weld control communication error.
 - 114 – TCP/LIN communication layer warning.
 - 114 - Connection to main control lost.
 - 114 - FieldBus interface lost / Connection lost FieldBus master.
 - 114 – TCP/UDP communication error.
1. Check that all the equipment is correctly connected.
 2. Acknowledge by pressing any buttons on the control panel.
 3. Do not turn OFF the system and contact service technician.

x15 Short circuit detected

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 215 - Weld contact detected at startup.
1. Make sure that the welding cables are properly installed on the weld terminals.
 2. Acknowledge by pressing any buttons on the control panel.
 3. Contact service technician.

x16 High open circuit voltage fault

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 216 - Voltage sensor lost.
 - 216 - OCV level is too high.
 - 216 - Current brake module lost.
 - 216 - Current brake function error.
1. In case of voltage sensor lost, contact service technician. Otherwise restart the system.

x17 Lost contact with another unit

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 017 - Mandatory node missing.
 - 017 - Critical node lost.
1. Check the cable connections between the subsystem (wire feeder and power source).

2. Acknowledge by pressing any buttons on the control panel.
3. Contact service technician.

x18 Internal memory fault

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 018 - Partition data storage warning.
1. Make sure that network connection is stable with WeldCloud and acknowledge.

x19 Memory fault

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 019 - Parameter memory read/write error.
 - 019 - Log read/write error.
1. Restart the system.
 2. Contact service technician.

x20 User management fault

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 020 - No valid job available.
1. Make sure that the predefined jobs are saved by admin.

x21 Import/export fault

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 021 - Wrong version WeldMode package.
1. Make sure that the correct software is uploaded by admin.

x25 Incompatible units

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 025 - System communication version mismatch warning/error.
 - 025 - Power converter control module version not valid.
 - 025 - Power converter control module power capacity unknown.
1. Contact service technician.
 2. Make sure that the software version is the same for each connected node.
 3. Connect the correct wire feed unit and restart.

x26 **Timing fault**

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 026 - Watchdog timeout.
 - 026 - Process control error.
1. Restart the system.
 2. Acknowledge by pressing any buttons on the control panel.
 3. Contact service technician.

x29 **No coolant flow**

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 429 - ELP off during welding.
 - 429 – No flow in water cooling sensor.
 - 429 – Cooling preconditions error.
1. Check the coolant hose connections and acknowledge.
 2. Wait until the temperature cools down.

x31 **Gas pressure fault**

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 631 - Gas input pressure warning/error.
1. If flow only regulator is used, ensure it is set at maximum level.
 2. Check that the gas pressure input to the feeder is between 3-5 bar. If not, adjust the gas pressure to the recommended level.
 3. Check that the gas hoses connected to the feeder are not constricted and ensure there is no gas leakage.
 4. Acknowledge the shown error(s) by pressing any button on the control panel.
 5. Select the appropriate gas flow setting in the control panel.
 6. Contact service technician.

x32 **Gas flow fault**

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 632 - Gas saturation warning/error.
 - 632 - No gas out error.
1. Perform the inspections listed in X31 (Gas pressure fault) 1 to 5.
 2. Check that the torch gas hose is not constricted.

3. Check that the gas pressure input to the feeder is between 3-5 bar. If not, adjust the gas pressure to the recommended level.
4. Disconnect the torch and press the gas purge button. If the error does not appear, replace the torch.

x33 USB fault

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 033 - USB high current.
 - 033 - USB read/write error.
1. Make sure that the USB is in good working condition and configured properly.
 2. Contact service technician.

x35 Software runtime fault

This event code is displayed due to one of the following:

- 035 - Message allocation error.
 - 035 - Driver message allocation error.
 - 035 - Event queue overflow.
 - 035 - Failed to start microservices.
1. Restart the system.
 2. Contact service technician.

10 TROUBLESHOOTING

Perform these checks and inspections before contacting an authorized service technician.

Fault symptom	Fault description and corrective actions
The wire feed is slow/stiff when moving through the wire feed mechanism.	Corrective actions: Clean the liners and other mechanical parts of the wire feed mechanism using pressurized air. Clean and adjust the roller pressure as per the table on the decal on the left side door.

11 ORDERING SPARE PARTS



CAUTION!

Repair and electrical work should be performed by an authorized ESAB service technician.
Use only ESAB original spare and wear parts.

RobustFeed Edge is designed and tested in accordance with the international and European standards **EN IEC 60974-5** and **EN IEC 60974-10 Class A**, Canadian standard **CAN/CSA-E60974-5** and US standard **ANSI/IEC 60974-5**. It is the obligation of the service unit which has carried out the service or repair work to make sure that the product still conforms to the mentioned standards.

Spare parts and wear parts can be ordered through your nearest ESAB dealer, see the back cover of this document. When ordering, please state product type, serial number, designation and spare part number in accordance with the spare parts list. This facilitates dispatch and ensures correct delivery.

12 CALIBRATION AND VALIDATION



WARNING!

Calibration and validation should be performed by a trained service technician with sufficient training in welding and measurement technology. The technician should have knowledge of hazards that may occur during welding and measurement and should take necessary protective actions!

12.1 Measurement methods and tolerances

When calibrating and validating, the reference measuring instrument must use the same measuring method in the DC range (averaging and rectification of the measured values). A number of measurement methods are used for reference instruments, e.g. TRMS (True Root Mean Square), RMS (Root-Mean-Square) and rectified arithmetic mean. Warrior Edge 500 uses the rectified arithmetic mean value and should therefore be calibrated against a reference instrument using the rectified arithmetic mean value.

In the field application it will occur that a measuring device and a Warrior Edge 500 may display different values even though both systems are validated and calibrated. This is due to the measurement tolerances and the method of measurement of the two measurement systems. This can result in a total deviation up to the sum of both measurement tolerances. If the measurement method differ (TRMS, RMS or rectified arithmetic mean), significantly larger deviations are to be expected!

The ESAB Warrior Edge 500 welding power source presents the measured value in rectified arithmetic mean and should therefore not show any significant differences compared to other ESAB welding equipment, due to the measurement method.

12.2 Requirements, specifications and standards

Warrior Edge 500 is designed to meet the accuracy for indication and meters required by IEC/EN 60974-14, by definition Standard grade.

Calibration accuracies of displayed value - Standard grade

Arc voltage $\pm 1.5 \text{ V}$ ($U_{\text{min}}-U_2$) under load, resolution 0.1 V (Theoretical measuring range in a Warrior Edge 500 system is 0.1–199 V.)

Welding current $\pm 2.5\%$ of I_2 max according to rating plate of the unit under test, resolution 1 A. The measuring range is specified by the rating plate on the used Warrior Edge 500 welding power source.

Calibration accuracies of displayed value - Precision grade

Arc voltage $\pm 0.6 \text{ V}$ ($U_{\text{min}}-U_2$) under load, resolution 0.1 V (Theoretical measuring range in a Warrior Edge 500 system is 0.1–199 V.)

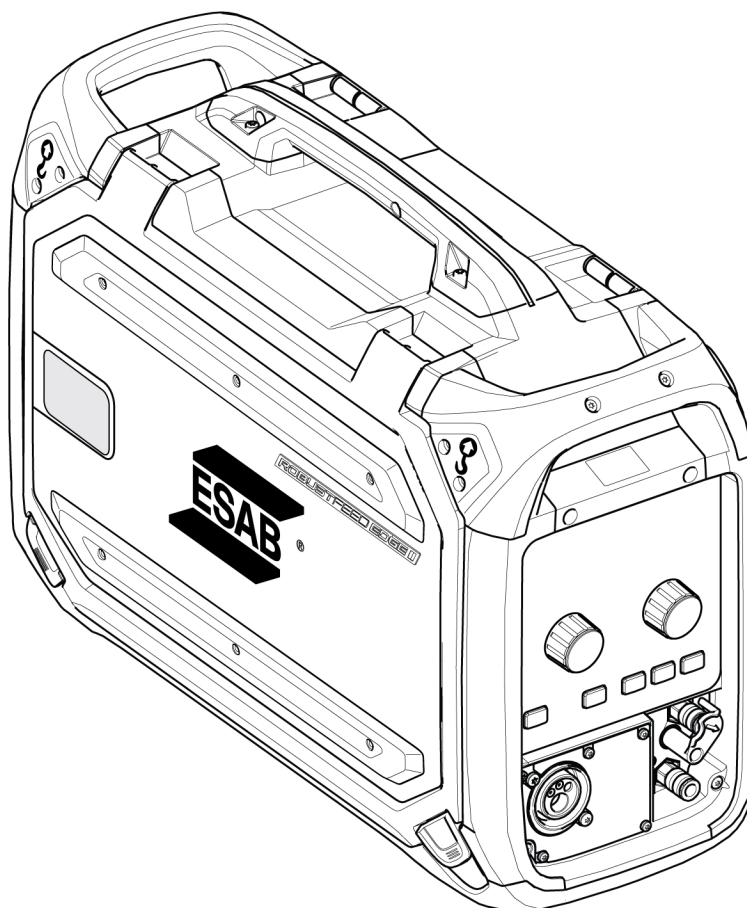
Welding current $\pm 1.0\%$ of I_2 max according to rating plate of the unit under test, resolution 1 A. The measuring range is specified by the rating plate on the used Warrior Edge 500 welding power source.

Recommended method and applicable standard

ESAB recommends calibration to be executed according to the manufacturer specification for Precision grade, using ESAT EDGE. Standard grade can be executed according to IEC/EN 60974-14:(2018) in CV-GMAW manual mode or in CC-SMAW mode.

APPENDIX

ORDERING NUMBERS

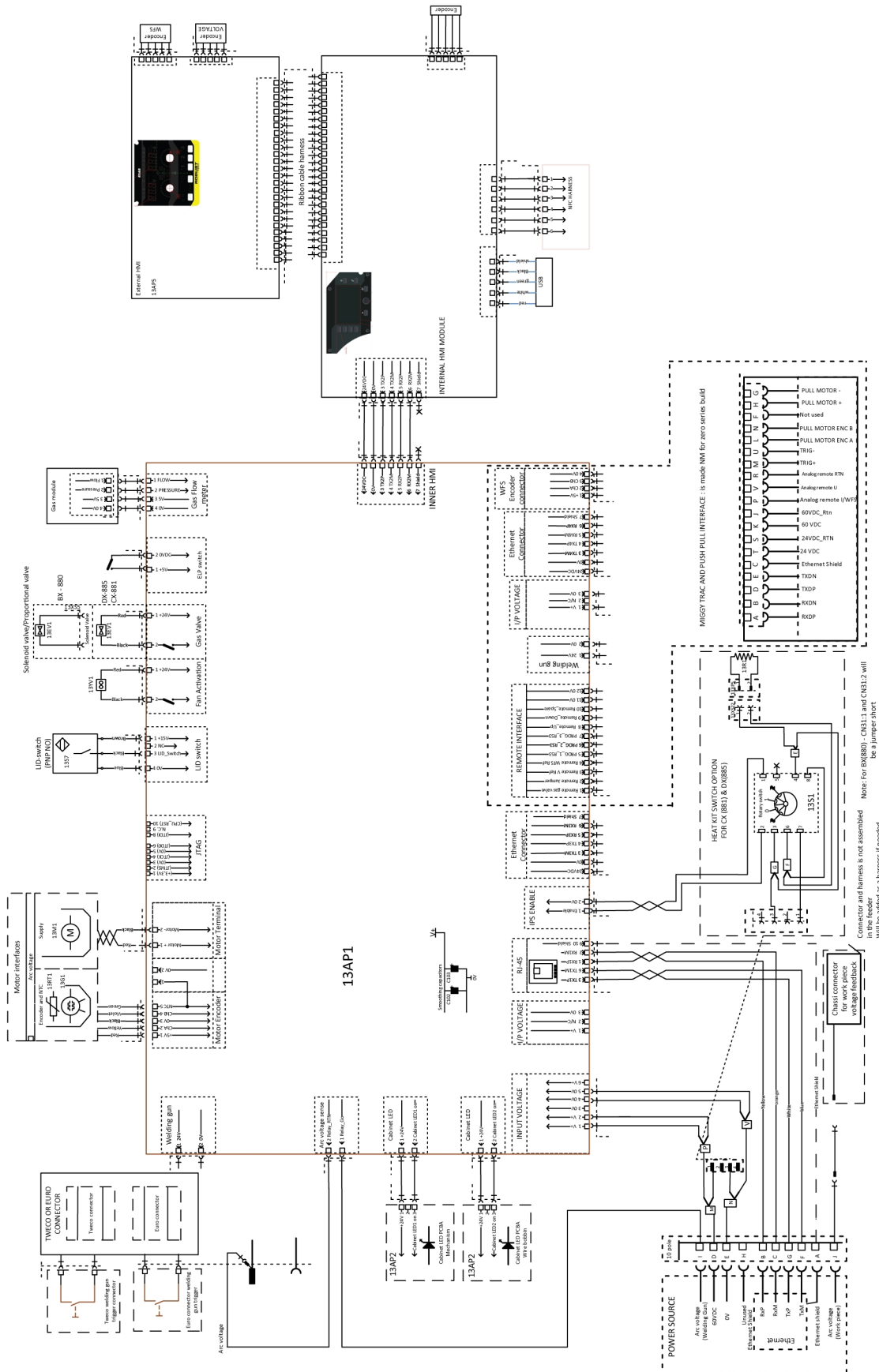


Ordering no.	Denomination	Notes
0446 600 880	RobustFeed Edge BX	With EURO connector, torch cooling system and NFC
0446 600 881	RobustFeed Edge CX	With EURO connector, torch cooling system, NFC, heater and TrueFlow digital gas control
0446 600 885	RobustFeed Edge DX Tweco	With Tweco connector, SMAW outlet, torch cooling system, NFC, heater and TrueFlow digital gas control
0463 786 *	Instruction manual	RobustFeed Edge
0463 787 001	Spare parts list	RobustFeed Edge
0463 845 001	Service manual	RobustFeed Edge

The three last digits in the document number of the manual show the version of the manual. Therefore they are replaced with * here. Make sure to use a manual with a serial number or software version that corresponds with the product, see the front page of the manual.



Technical documentation is available on the Internet at: www.esab.com




WIRING DIAGRAM





WEAR PARTS




Fe, Ss and cored wire

Wire diameter (mm) (in.)	0.6 .023	0.8 .030	0.9/1.0 .040	1.2 .045	1.4 .052	1.6 1/16	1.8 .070	2.0 5/64	 Feed roller
V-groove 	X	X							0445 850 001
		X	X						0445 850 002
			X						0445 850 003
			X	X					0445 850 004
				X					0445 850 005
						X	X		0445 850 006
								X	0445 850 007




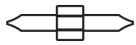

Inlet wire guide 	Middle wire guide 	Outlet wire guide 
0445 822 001 (2 mm)	0446 080 882	0445 830 881 (Euro) 0445 830 883 (Tweco)

Cored wire – Different wire guides dependent on wire diameter



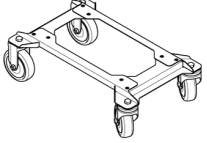
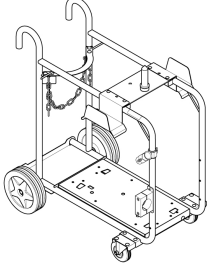
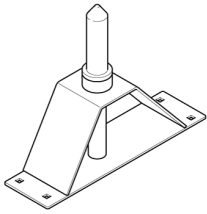
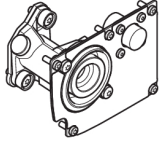

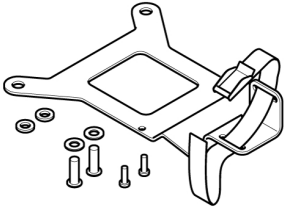
Wire diameter (mm) (in.)	0.9/1.0 .040	1.2 .045	1.4 .052	1.6 1/16	1.8 .070	2.0 5/64	2.4 3/32	 Feed roller
V-K-knurled 	X	X						0445 850 030
		X						0445 850 031
		X	X					0445 850 032
					X			0445 850 033
						X		0445 850 034
							X	0445 850 035
								X 0445 850 036

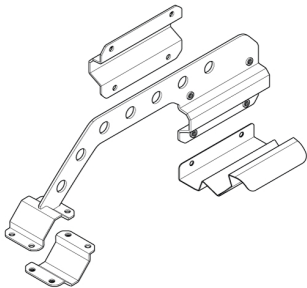
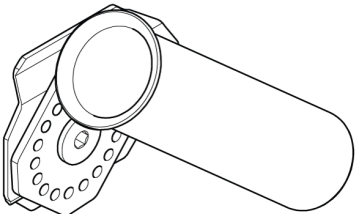
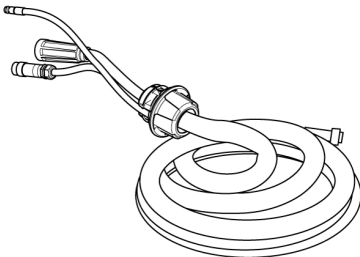
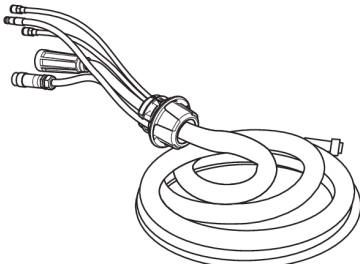
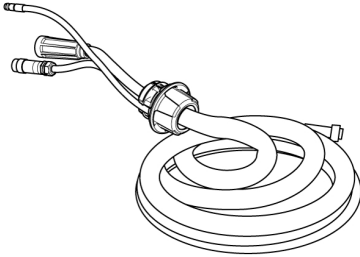
	Inlet wire guide 	Middle wire guide 	Outlet wire guide 
Wire diameter 0.9–1.6 mm 0.040–1/16 in.	0445 822 001 (2 mm)	0446 080 882	0445 830 881 (Euro) 0445 830 883 (Tweco)
Wire diameter 1.8–2.4 mm 0.070–3/32 in.	0445 822 002 (3 mm)	0446 080 883	0445 830 882 (Euro) 0445 830 884 (Tweco)

Al wire

Wire diameter (mm) (in.)	0.6 .02 3	0.8 .03 0	0.9/1.0 .040	1.2 .04 5	1.4 .05 2	1.6 1/1 6	1.8 .07 0	 Feed roller
U-groove 		X	X					0445 850 050
			X	X				0445 850 051
				X		X		0445 850 052
Inlet wire guide 	Middle wire guide 			Outlet wire guide 				
0445 822 001 (2 mm)	0446 080 881			0445 830 885 (Euro)				
				0445 830 886 (Tweco)				

ACCESSORIES

0447 776 880	NFC Admin card kit <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5 Admin cards 	
0447 776 881	NFC User card kit <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5 User cards 	
0446 081 880	Wheel kit	
0349 313 450	Trolley , compatible with RobustFeed Edge and Warrior Edge 500	
0465 508 880	Guide pin extension kit For the feeder assembled with the wheel kit	
0446 120 882	Tweco 4 connector including front plate	
F102 440 880	Quick connector Marathon Pac™	
0446 082 880	Torch strain relief	

0446 956 880	Boom adaptor kit including a stopper for RobustFeed door For assembly instructions, refer to the Boom adaptor assembly instruction manual	
0446 958 880	Torch holder For assembly on the RobustFeed For assembly instructions, refer to the Torch holder assembly instruction manual	
Interconnection cable with pre-assembled strain relief, Air cooled, 70 mm²		
0446 310 880	2.3 m (7 ft)	
0446 310 881	5 m (16 ft)	
0446 310 882	10 m (33 ft)	
0446 310 883	15 m (49 ft)	
0446 310 884	20 m (66 ft)	
0446 310 885	25 m (82 ft)	
0446 310 886	35 m (115 ft)	
0446 310 887	50 m (164 ft)	
Interconnection cable with pre-assembled strain relief, Liquid cooled, 70 mm²		
0446 310 890	2.3 m (7 ft)	
0446 310 891	5 m (16 ft)	
0446 310 892	10 m (33 ft)	
0446 310 893	15 m (49 ft)	
0446 310 894	20 m (66 ft)	
0446 310 895	25 m (82 ft)	
0446 310 896	35 m (115 ft)	
Interconnection cable with pre-assembled strain relief, Air cooled, 95 mm²		
0446 310 980	2.3 m (7 ft)	
0446 310 981	5 m (16 ft)	
0446 310 982	10 m (33 ft)	
0446 310 983	15 m (49 ft)	
0446 310 984	20 m (66 ft)	
0446 310 985	25 m (82 ft)	
0446 310 986	35 m (115 ft)	
0446 310 987	50 m (164 ft)	
Interconnection cable with pre-assembled strain relief, Liquid cooled, 95 mm²		

APPENDIX

0446 310 990	2.3 m (7 ft)	
0446 310 991	5 m (16 ft)	
0446 310 992	10 m (33 ft)	
0446 310 993	15 m (49 ft)	
0446 310 994	20 m (66 ft)	
0446 310 995	25 m (82 ft)	
0446 310 996	35 m (115 ft)	



A WORLD OF PRODUCTS AND SOLUTIONS.



For contact information visit <http://esab.com>

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